

CRAWFORD CO. DIRECTORY.

CLERK	THOMAS WEEKLY
RECORDERS	Wm. A. Blaine
CLERK	John H. Hesse
CLERK	Charles Jackson
CLERK	John Patterson
Judge of Probate	Geo. W. Leve
C. C. Court	J. Patterson
Surveyor	J. Patterson

SUPERVISORS

Grove Township	George F. Smith
South Branch	Wm. A. Blaine
Sevier Creek	John H. Hesse
Muskegon	B. F. Sherman
Grayling	J. F. Hume
Franklin	Chas. H. Hesse
Blaine	W. H. Hesse
Center Point	R. T. Hesse

BLAINE IS NOT IN IT.
SAYS HE'S NOT A PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE.

The Secretary of State Writes a Letter of Withdrawal, Announcing that He Will Not Go Into the Convention—What Politicians Say.

Drawn out of the Race.

Blaine is not a candidate for the Presidency. He has made this official announcement in the following letter to Chairman Clarkson, of the Republican National Committee:

Washington, D. C.

Hon. J. S. Clarkson, Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

Dear Sir:—I am not a candidate for the Presidency, and my name will not go before the Republican National Convention for the nomination. I make this announcement in full confidence.

Those who have thanked me for my support of Mr. Harrison, and am most grateful for their confidence.

They will, I am sure, make earnest effort in the approaching campaign, which is regarded especially important by reason of



JAMES GILLESPIE BLAINE

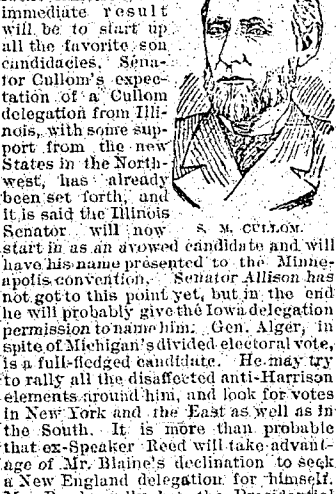
the industrial and financial policies of the Government being at stake. The popular decision on these issues is of great importance and will be of far-reaching consequences. Very sincerely yours, JAMES G. BLAINE.

In speaking of his withdrawal, Mr. Blaine said: "I don't suppose any man who has once sought the office can truthfully say he doesn't care for it. I would like to be President, but I will never again risk my health and life in seeking it. The office of Secretary of State is a broad enough field for me during the rest of my public career."

W. B. ALDRICH. "Democrats agree with me in not being in it, nothing can prevent President Harrison's re-election, and Republican Congressmen are mostly of the same opinion. Members of the administration naturally will not discuss the situation for publication."

FAVORITE SON TO THE FRONT.

While no one in Washington, writes our correspondent, questions that the ultimate effect of Mr. Blaine's declaration will be the re-nomination of President Harrison, the immediate result will be to start up all the favorite son candidates. Senator Cullum's friends are naturally disappointed that he has not been nominated, but they will probably give the Iowa delegation permission to name him. Gen. Alger, in spite of Michigan's divided electoral vote, is a full-fledged favorite son, and will rally all the disaffected anti-Harrison elements around him, and look for votes in New York and the East as well as in the South. It is more than probable that ex-Speaker Reed will take advantage of Mr. Blaine's declaration to seek a New England delegation for his own use. Mr. Reed really has the Presidential ambition and wants to get in training for a nomination. The only possible candidacy that excites attention is John Sherman's. Mr. Sherman himself is a staunch supporter of President Harrison's administration. But Senator Sherman's language says he has a position that the course of legislation on silver and the tariff may make him an available candidate. Some of the Ohio politicians of the Republican faith who have been here during the last week have been in common with everybody else been discussing the question as to whether or not Mr. Blaine would withdraw. The nomination of Mr. Sherman at Columbus in January left some ill-feeling on the part of the Foraker people to the administration, and it was generally supposed that a gray and interesting fight between Foraker and Sherman for the J. B. Foraker delegation to Minneapolis would be inevitable, with McKinley only secondarily in the race. The opinion lately expressed by the Ohioans shows that the bitterness between the factions has been decreasing.



JOHN SHERMAN

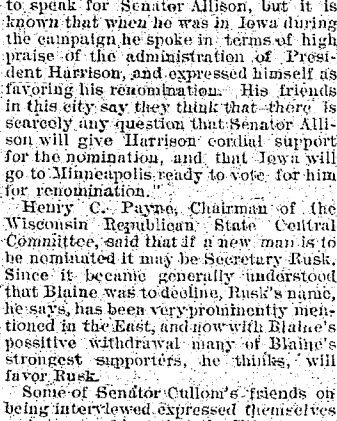
The Foraker men, who have been quietly organizing since the recent Senatorial contest to control the Ohio delegation to Minneapolis, are badly broken up over the announcement. They are knocked out of the fight by the loss of a candidate. The Foraker following unquestionably had as their object the nomination of the Ohio delegation to Minneapolis, and the effect of the withdrawal at this time may ally the bitter con-

HOLOCAUST IN A HOTEL.
NEW YORK HAS ANOTHER FIRE HORROR.

At Least Twenty Were Killed and Twelve That Number Injured in the Hotel Royal Conflagration—Some Burned Alive, Others Dashed to Death on the Pavement.

Victims of a Fire Trap.

A fire began in the Hotel Royal, in New York, at the northeast corner of Fortieth street and Sixth avenue, at 4 o'clock the other morning, and caused the loss of many lives. It swept through the building like lightning. The guests had no warning of their danger until awoken by the crackling of the flames and the suffocating smoke. They rushed to the halls and were driven back by the fire that even then was burning through the walls and doors of their rooms. They ran to the windows, there was but one stationary fire escape. Not all the rooms were furnished with the rope escapes that the law requires. Because of almost criminal slovenliness in sending out the alarm, there were no firemen with ladders to add to the frightened people when they came to the windows. Numbers leaped out. Five were killed instantly outside the walls. Dozens were hurt. There were 165 or 175 persons in the hotel when the fire started. Not all of them were known because of this state the register when the fire first broke out. But even the register would not tell the story, for many of the transient guests at the hotel were of the kind who register under aliases.



THE PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE.

JOSEPH SAMSON, President of the El Dorado Loan and Trust Company, Sioux City, has given to the public the following encouraging and interesting article in the month of June, 1881, accompanied by a friend, I drove across the country northwest from Storm Lake to Sheldon, in O'Brien County, to attend a land convention being held under the auspices of Geo. D. Perkins, the newly appointed Commissioner of Immigration for the State of Iowa. The distance between Storm Lake and Sheldon is about sixty miles. On this drive we passed over many sections of the best prairie. After leaving Storm Lake, County and getting into the corner of Clay and O'Brien Counties we began to find the prairie more and more fertile. As we came near the county seat town of Sheldon, where we stopped for refreshments. While we were eating lunch the proprietor of the restaurant begged us to buy his farm, which we had passed on the way. It lay two miles east of town and was mortgaged for about \$200. He wanted \$200 for his equity, but we felt that we would not be safe in offering him \$200 for his home-land subject to the mortgage for fear he would take us up. This would have made the farm cost us less than \$5 an acre. It had a comfortable little house and a nice grove of trees, and about eighty acres under cultivation. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement.

NORTHWEST GROWING.

It has been both rapid and steady.

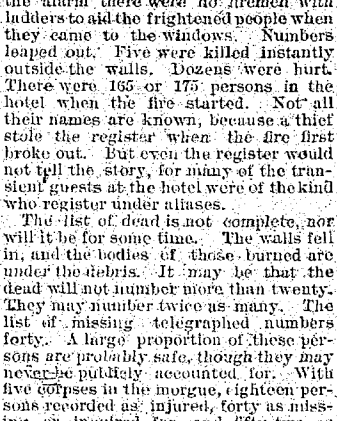
Cheerful Outlook for the Residents of South Dakota and Nebraska—A Careful Review of the Situation—Rapid Settlement Still Ahead.

The Past, Present and Future.

JOSEPH SAMSON, President of the El Dorado Loan and Trust Company, Sioux City, has given to the public the following encouraging and interesting article in the month of June, 1881, accompanied by a friend, I drove across the country northwest from Storm Lake to Sheldon, in O'Brien County, to attend a land convention being held under the auspices of Geo. D. Perkins, the newly appointed Commissioner of Immigration for the State of Iowa. The distance between Storm Lake and Sheldon is about sixty miles. On this drive we passed over many sections of the best prairie. After leaving Storm Lake, County and getting into the corner of Clay and O'Brien Counties we began to find the prairie more and more fertile. As we came near the county seat town of Sheldon, where we stopped for refreshments. While we were eating lunch the proprietor of the restaurant begged us to buy his farm, which we had passed on the way. It lay two miles east of town and was mortgaged for about \$200. He wanted \$200 for his equity, but we felt that we would not be safe in offering him \$200 for his home-land subject to the mortgage for fear he would take us up. This would have made the farm cost us less than \$5 an acre. It had a comfortable little house and a nice grove of trees, and about eighty acres under cultivation. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement.

BIG SCARE ON 'CHANGE.
CHICAGO BULLS AND BEARS IN A PANIC.

Wheat took a big tumble the other day in the Chicago Board of Trade. It began sliding downward as soon as the board opened, and before the day was over it had fallen 4 cents—enough to cause tremendous excitement among the operators. It was all started by a little rumor, which came on the top of the uneasy feeling that has pervaded the board ever since Hatch introduced his anti-option bill in Congress. This rumor was nothing more or less than that somebody had got sure "tips" that the Hatch bill would be reported upon favorably by the Committee on Agriculture, and that the bill was pretty certain of becoming a law. This was enough to throw the room into a fever of excitement, and a Chicago dispatch, and in a little while everybody was trying to get rid of his wheat. The situation was aggravated by an announcement from several big firms that they would discontinue dealing in privileges. The smash in the market took place in less than fifteen minutes. Business during the entire morning had been marked by an underlying tone of nervousness, due to dispatches from Washington predicting the passage of the bill. Prices had fallen sharply once, and afterward recovered, but the market was with a look of closing hours. Suddenly another flood of dispatches came from Washington. In two minutes the new-found strength had given way to weakness, and spread into a genuine panic. The entire throng of brokers was screaming their offers to sell at any price. The market had dropped to 89 1/2 cents when the bell tapped. But as the crowd poured down stairs it continued trading at still lower figures, and long after the close had come the market was quoted at 87 in the corridors and streets.



THE PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE.

JOSEPH SAMSON, President of the El Dorado Loan and Trust Company, Sioux City, has given to the public the following encouraging and interesting article in the month of June, 1881, accompanied by a friend, I drove across the country northwest from Storm Lake to Sheldon, in O'Brien County, to attend a land convention being held under the auspices of Geo. D. Perkins, the newly appointed Commissioner of Immigration for the State of Iowa. The distance between Storm Lake and Sheldon is about sixty miles. On this drive we passed over many sections of the best prairie. After leaving Storm Lake, County and getting into the corner of Clay and O'Brien Counties we began to find the prairie more and more fertile. As we came near the county seat town of Sheldon, where we stopped for refreshments. While we were eating lunch the proprietor of the restaurant begged us to buy his farm, which we had passed on the way. It lay two miles east of town and was mortgaged for about \$200. He wanted \$200 for his equity, but we felt that we would not be safe in offering him \$200 for his home-land subject to the mortgage for fear he would take us up. This would have made the farm cost us less than \$5 an acre. It had a comfortable little house and a nice grove of trees, and about eighty acres under cultivation. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement.

MOB LAW RULES AT EL RENO.

Okla. Mob Law Rules at El Reno.

According to a Guthrie, O. T. dispatch, the last forty-eight hours have witnessed scenes of wild excitement at El Reno, which outrival anything ever known in the territory. The town is built upon the claim of Maj. Freeman, all the residents of the place having bought their lots of him; so when Secretary Noble decided that Freeman's title to his claim was void it left every acre of property in jeopardy at the mercy of vandals. For nobody had any valid title to the property. When the news of the decision reached El Reno the town went wild. First the loafers began jumping lots, then others followed, and soon all business was suspended. The Court officers rushed from their offices and joined the mob, which by daylight had become wild and untamed. Gov. Seay telegraphed to the Sheriff and other officers to disperse the 'rowdy' and protect the property, but they did nothing.

REMEMBER THAT IT ALWAYS TAKES TWO TO QUARREL.

GUTHRIE IS STILL THE COLOR RAGE OF PARIS FOR OUTRAGE.

ONLY one couple in 11,500 live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

A New York young lady has secured a verdict of \$1,000 damages for the loss of a toe.

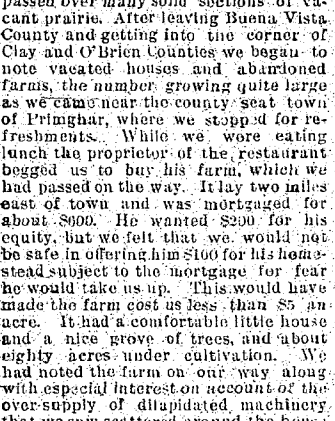
A boy is expected to love his mother, even though she cuts his hair.

BLAZAY—"Are you acquainted with Miss Bushrod?" "Rouay—"Just barely; I met her at a ball."

MYRE, DE STAIR, was familiar with seventeen ladies, of which some could have carried a living.

SOME people know a great deal which they will not tell; others tell a great deal which they do not know.

SMITH COLLEGE started sixteen years ago with twelve pupils. It has graduated 800 young women and has 570 on its rolls.



THE PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE.

JOSEPH SAMSON, President of the El Dorado Loan and Trust Company, Sioux City, has given to the public the following encouraging and interesting article in the month of June, 1881, accompanied by a friend, I drove across the country northwest from Storm Lake to Sheldon, in O'Brien County, to attend a land convention being held under the auspices of Geo. D. Perkins, the newly appointed Commissioner of Immigration for the State of Iowa. The distance between Storm Lake and Sheldon is about sixty miles. On this drive we passed over many sections of the best prairie. After leaving Storm Lake, County and getting into the corner of Clay and O'Brien Counties we began to find the prairie more and more fertile. As we came near the county seat town of Sheldon, where we stopped for refreshments. While we were eating lunch the proprietor of the restaurant begged us to buy his farm, which we had passed on the way. It lay two miles east of town and was mortgaged for about \$200. He wanted \$200 for his equity, but we felt that we would not be safe in offering him \$200 for his home-land subject to the mortgage for fear he would take us up. This would have made the farm cost us less than \$5 an acre. It had a comfortable little house and a nice grove of trees, and about eighty acres under cultivation. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement.

THE TENDER FEEL.

REMEMBER THAT IT ALWAYS TAKES TWO TO QUARREL.

GUTHRIE IS STILL THE COLOR RAGE OF PARIS FOR OUTRAGE.

ONLY one couple in 11,500 live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

A New York young lady has secured a verdict of \$1,000 damages for the loss of a toe.

A boy is expected to love his mother, even though she cuts his hair.

BLAZAY—"Are you acquainted with Miss Bushrod?" "Rouay—"Just barely; I met her at a ball."

MYRE, DE STAIR, was familiar with seventeen ladies, of which some could have carried a living.

SOME people know a great deal which they will not tell; others tell a great deal which they do not know.

SMITH COLLEGE started sixteen years ago with twelve pupils. It has graduated 800 young women and has 570 on its rolls.

THE TENDER FEEL.

REMEMBER THAT IT ALWAYS TAKES TWO TO QUARREL.

GUTHRIE IS STILL THE COLOR RAGE OF PARIS FOR OUTRAGE.

ONLY one couple in 11,500 live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

A New York young lady has secured a verdict of \$1,000 damages for the loss of a toe.

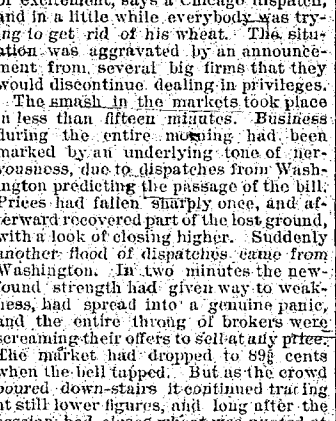
A boy is expected to love his mother, even though she cuts his hair.

BLAZAY—"Are you acquainted with Miss Bushrod?" "Rouay—"Just barely; I met her at a ball."

MYRE, DE STAIR, was familiar with seventeen ladies, of which some could have carried a living.

SOME people know a great deal which they will not tell; others tell a great deal which they do not know.

SMITH COLLEGE started sixteen years ago with twelve pupils. It has graduated 800 young women and has 570 on its rolls.



THE PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE.

JOSEPH SAMSON, President of the El Dorado Loan and Trust Company, Sioux City, has given to the public the following encouraging and interesting article in the month of June, 1881, accompanied by a friend, I drove across the country northwest from Storm Lake to Sheldon, in O'Brien County, to attend a land convention being held under the auspices of Geo. D. Perkins, the newly appointed Commissioner of Immigration for the State of Iowa. The distance between Storm Lake and Sheldon is about sixty miles. On this drive we passed over many sections of the best prairie. After leaving Storm Lake, County and getting into the corner of Clay and O'Brien Counties we began to find the prairie more and more fertile. As we came near the county seat town of Sheldon, where we stopped for refreshments. While we were eating lunch the proprietor of the restaurant begged us to buy his farm, which we had passed on the way. It lay two miles east of town and was mortgaged for about \$200. He wanted \$200 for his equity, but we felt that we would not be safe in offering him \$200 for his home-land subject to the mortgage for fear he would take us up. This would have made the farm cost us less than \$5 an acre. It had a comfortable little house and a nice grove of trees, and about eighty acres under cultivation. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement. We had noted the farm on our way along with special interest on account of the over-supply of dilapidated machinery and the fact that the owner was a German settler who had come to the country in the early days of settlement.

THE TENDER FEEL.

REMEMBER THAT IT ALWAYS TAKES TWO TO QUARREL.

GUTHRIE IS STILL THE COLOR RAGE OF PARIS FOR OUTRAGE.

ONLY one couple in 11,500 live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

A New York young lady has secured a verdict of \$1,000 damages for the loss of a toe.

A boy is expected to love his mother, even though she cuts his hair.

BLAZAY—"Are you acquainted with Miss Bushrod?" "Rouay—"Just barely; I met her at a ball."

MYRE, DE STAIR, was familiar with seventeen ladies, of which some could have carried a living.

SOME people know a great deal which they will not tell; others tell a great deal which they do not know.

SMITH COLLEGE started sixteen years ago with twelve pupils. It has graduated 800 young women and has 570 on its rolls.

1880. 1892.

Has given us the knowledge of the requirements of the people of this section of the State, and we are prepared as never before to show you the most complete stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Ever exhibited in Northern Michigan, at prices which we know will be satisfactory.

Our Spring and Summer Styles
OF
DRY GOODS

Will be on hand in advance of the season, giving ample opportunity for careful selection.

Our Grocery Department,
Boots, Shoes and Clothing,
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
Stoves and Ranges,
Crockery and Glassware,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.,

Will be filled with Purest and Best Goods.

HAY, OATS AND FEED, WOOD, COAL AND LUMBER,
EVERYTHING IN LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES.

AT THE
PIONEER STORE
OF
SALLING, HANSON & CO.,
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

M. E. CHURCH—Rev. S. G. Taylor, Pastor. Services at 10:30 o'clock a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayers meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. N. J. Geyer, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning and evening at the usual hour. Sunday school following morning service. Prayers meeting every Wednesday evening.

GRAYLING LODGE, No. 325, F. & A. M. Meets in regular communication on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock before the fall of the moon. Transient members are fraternally invited to attend. W. E. BENDERMAN, Secretary.

MARVIN POST, No. 310, G. A. R. Meets the second and fourth Saturdays in each month. WM. S. CHALKER, Post Com.

J. C. HANSON, Adjutant.

GRAYLING CHAPTER, R. A. M., No. 123—Meets every third Tuesday in each month. WILLIAM PRINGLE, H. P.

ANTHONY CADD, Sec.

GRAYLING LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 137—Meets every Tuesday evening.

W. E. BENDERMAN, Secretary.

WILLIAM GIBBINS, Sec.

GRAYING ENCAMPMENT, I. O. O. F., No. 115—Meets alternate Friday evenings. CHARLES M. JACKSON, C. P.

C. HANSON, Secretary.

CRAWFORD TENT, C. O. T. M., No. 122—Meets every Saturday evening.

L. J. PATTERSON, Comd.

G. H. BONDRELL, R. E.

FORTAGE LODGE, K. of P., No. 141—Meets first and third Wednesday of each month.

J. H. HARTWICK, K. of R. and S.

COURT GRAYLING, I. O. F., No. 709—Meets second and last Wednesday of each month.

G. E. SMITH, R. S.

WAGNER CAMP, S. OF V., No. 143—Meets first and third Saturday of each month.

S. G. TAYLOR, Captain.

L. J. PATTERSON, 1st Sergeant.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

JOHN STALEY. C. C. TRENCH.
GRAYLING EXCHANGE BANK,
GRAYLING, MICH.

A general Banking business transacted. Drafts bought and sold on all parts of the United States and Foreign Countries. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections a specialty.

STALEY & TRENCH, Proprietors.

GRAYLING HOUSE,
FRANK M. GATES, Proprietor.
GRAYLING, MICH.

The Grayling House is conveniently situated, having the dock and business center. It is newly built, furnished in first-class style and heated by steam throughout. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests. Fine sample-rooms for commercial travelers.

GEORGE L. ALEXANDER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, ETC.
Plum Lands Bought and Sold on Commission.
Non-Residents' Lands Looked After.
GRAYLING, MICH.
Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of the Bank.

O. PALMER,
Attorney at Law and Notary.
Collections, conveyancing, payment of taxes, and purchase and sale of real estate promptly attended to. Office on corner of Michigan and Central Avenues, opposite the Court House.
GRAYLING, MICH.

J. B. TUTTLE. JOHN J. CONNIE.
TUTTLE & CONNIE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Oscola and East Tawas, Mich.

CHARLES L. DE WAELE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
GRAYLING, MICH.

C. W. SMITH,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
GRAYLING, MICH.
Office and Residence one door south of Methodist Church.

F. F. THATCHER. H. C. THATCHER.
THATCHER & THATCHER,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
GRAYLING, MICH.
Office in Thatcher's Drug Store.

COMMERCIAL HOUSE.
C. O. McCULLOUGH, Proprietor.
GRAYLING, MICH.

The house is thoroughly refitted and every attention will be given to the comfort of guests. Commercial travelers will always find ample accommodation.

F. A. BRIGHAM,
(Successor to Frank Peters).
Tonsorial Artist,
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.
Shaving and Hair-Cutting done in the Latest Style, and to the satisfaction of all. Shop next door to Michigan Avenue and United Street. Prompt attention given all customers.
Oct. 1, '91.

McCULLOUGH'S
Livery, Feed and Sale
STABLE,
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.
First-class rigs at all times. Good accommodations for "day-trippers" or "travellers" made on commission and satisfaction guaranteed.
CEDAR STREET,
One block north of Plum's store.

Every man in the world has a secret, and his mind hovers around it as constantly as a dog hovers around the spot where he has hidden a bone. He shows it in his face, and usually it is of the kind that leaves lines in his countenance. Live with him long enough, and he will tell you, without knowing that he is telling you all about it. Sometimes it is an ambition; oftener it is a disappointment; but in almost every case it is some- thing that is concealed because it

A Swift Swimmer.
The dolphin is the fastest swimmer in the sea. It can with ease swim around and about a vessel going at the highest rate of speed, and can go faster than twenty-two miles an hour.

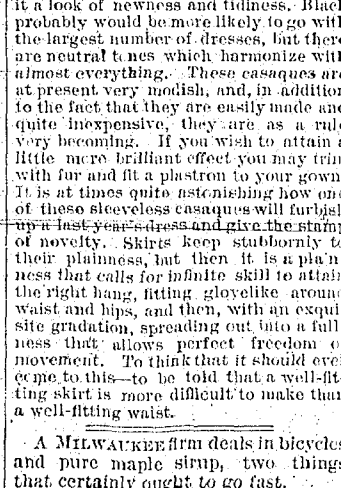
woman should be pushed aside. True, some wine sours, instead of becoming mellow, and oftentimes it is not the fault of the wine itself, but of the atmosphere in which it was exposed. Well, to return to this exquisite garment, which at a glance appeals to your love of graceful drapery, may some word that the material is a crepe de chene of hydrangea tone, made up with an embroidered front of old white watered silk, having a few folds at the side hidden by the sash belt of blue velvet. This ribbon passes through an opening

A MILWAUKEE firm deals in bicycles and pure maple sirup, two things that certainly ought to go fast.

On the anniversary of Lord Nelson's death every October his flagship is elaborately decorated with evergreen and the white ensign is freshly displayed as it was all the night long prior to the Battle of Trafalgar, when he ordered it kept in view on every vessel of his fleet, to indicate that he would engage.

The greatest curse in the world is jealousy. Nine out of ten domestic troubles originate in it. More than half the murders in the world are committed through its influence. It is a guest that no man or woman who

THE Tuscola County bridge, at Quinceassee, has been in a state of dilapidation for some time, but the Supervisors believing in home markets, refused to make repairs, as the farmers were kept from trading in Saginaw. Business men of Saginaw are now raising \$500 to help



The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

ROVER on rats—A walking delagate.

SPAIN has no money to pay for an exhibit at the Columbian Exposition. Has the present Queen Isabella no jewels to pawn?

The doctrine of infant damnation has been eliminated from the Westminster confession, but still lingers in the sleeping-car with a crying baby aboard.

WHEN a man begins to spell Truth with a big T it is one indication that he is developing into an agnostic, a faith doctor, a misogynist, or something else foolish.

TO FIND fault, someone may say, is easy, and in every man's power; but to point out the proper course to be pursued in the present circumstances, that is the proof of a wise counselor.

SOCKLESS Jerry Simpson has demonstrated the fact that his flow of language is as natural as the tumbling waters of Niagara and as picturesque as the wildest stretches of Alpine scenery.

The Virginia house of delegates is considering a measure "to tax dogs at their true value, none to be assessed at less than \$10." The true value of dogs in Virginia seems to be pretty tolerably high.

The people not only eat too much but they eat too fast. Limit the amount you usually eat to one-half, and then take twice as long to eat it, and you will notice a very marked improvement in your health.

A CONVICT in Nebraska, whose term of service has just expired, has just received notice from the court that "a new trial" will be granted him. The Nebraska courts are nearly as brisk as the courts of Chili.

A RECENT musical criticism states that the composer "made an effort to portray nature in a chrysalis state." This attempt to open the dark secret with a tuning fork might be considered a daring innovation in melodic realism.

OXIMORON alone can weigh in the balance the thousands of circumstances which induce an average jury to err in a vast majority of cases. To err is human, but with twelve humans together to err approximates a sure thing.

THERE is one American who has discovered a "system" which will infallibly enable him to beat the Monte Carlo game. He won \$210,000 there the other day by pure luck, and his system was manifested when he took the first steamer for home.

AN east-end school in London reports that 700 pupils come there without breakfast and without any prospect of dinner or supper. In the name of the distinguished Dr. Tanner, we would like to know how long this thing has been going on.

WHEN people get married, their troubles do not arise from the fact that they do not get along well together. In nine cases out of ten, their kin comes to live with them, and that makes the trouble. Half the divorces in the world are caused by too much kin.

THE far West will furnish the golden nail with which to complete the Woman's Building, and Mrs. Porter Palmer has agreed to let the women of Nebraska furnish the hammer. But she yields nothing of her heroic purpose to supply herself the finger-nail to be sacrificed.

MANY men have known what it is to be responsible for the acts of wife and children, but it is carrying the law to the extreme when a man is held responsible for his dog, as has been a Philadelphian. The dog stole a pair of boots and a sled, carrying them home, and now his owner is to be held responsible for the theft.

AN excellent idea has been recently put into practice by a drug firm in Birmingham, England. On every bottle or package of poison sold by the firm a label is pasted, on which are printed directions as to the antidote which should be employed in case the poison is taken by human beings accidentally. This is perhaps an even better plan than that said to have been adopted in a newly opened Western drug store of giving a dog with every prescription filled.

KEEN observers are now stating their belief that Belgium will be the future battle-ground between France and Germany; and that England is so convinced of this that she will not much longer guarantee Belgium's neutrality. Germany's influence is visible everywhere in the little kingdom, and it looks as if the Germans meant to continue their usual tactics of attacking first, by walking into Belgium some fine morning and leaving to France the disagreeable and arduous task of getting them out again. And it is the universal belief that something of this sort will happen this year. The field of Waterloo may yet see new battles.

GEORGE A. RAABE, of San Francisco, is out in a circular appealing to the pulp and the press to an abandonment of that custom which compels men to remove their hats at the

nerals, despite the danger to health involved. Respect for the dead does not call for a sacrifice of the living. Grief is a question of hearts, not of hats. Many have contracted fatal illness while paying their final tribute of respect to the dead, and the movement so vigorously pushed is in the line of common sense and self-preservation as opposed to sentiment. More than twenty organizations on the Pacific coast have adopted Mr. Raabe's idea, which is by no means a new one, and a reform involving such vital considerations should secure universal endorsement.

SOME of the papers in the Northwest are taking time by the forelock in migrating for the making of arrangements to secure needed farm help for the spring. The immense wheat crop of last year put all kinds of farm work badly in arrears in portions of North Dakota and Northern Minnesota. Thrashing was so much delayed that the usual fall plowing was not finished in many places, and in others hardly begun. It is estimated that these conditions and the extension of acreage will require at least 10,000 more men than are now to be found in the Northwest to do the spring work there to be done. The Minneapolis Jobbers' Committee exerted itself effectually last year in furnishing help, and is expected to do the same the coming season. It can be of service only as parties who are likely to want help will make their requirements known in time. Otherwise the spring will be far advanced before many of them will be in shape to begin work soon enough to have reasonable assurance of a matured crop before the fields are swept by autumn frosts.

JAMES McDONALD is a name suggestive of good Scotch common-sense, and the record made by its possessor in the accumulation of this world's goods would seem part proof, at least, that he had his share of intelligence in some lines. But the caution of the immortal Weller, Sr., to "behave of the widders" had for James no wholesome restraint, and he is now squandering under the smart of paying \$1,500 to repair the lacerated feelings of a couple of buxom relicts. Mr. McDonald is a well-to-do farmer near Logansport, Ind., and after thirteen months of sincere mourning for his wife, began to spruce up again. He was a jolly old fellow naturally, and Mrs. Briggs consented to sail the remainder of life's voyage with him, and share the comforts of his substantial home. But the felicitous dream of the lady was dispelled by the interference of Mrs. Johnson, who also was by nature made a widow, and who was the possessor of a comely figure, a facile pen, an incumbency in the person of a 14-year-old boy and a modest millinery store in Peru. She had heard of James, his broad acres, his snug bank account, and his dissatisfaction with his lonely condition, and she wrote a very ingenious letter enticing an anonymous note to him. Then the trouble began. A latent spirit of vanity was aroused, and from a staid old widower of 63, with a respectable alliance nearly formed, Mr. McDonald became as frisky as any youngster. He so trifled with the affection of Mrs. Briggs, and at the same time so aroused that lady's rather peppery temper, that the engagement was broken off and \$500 was transferred from the faithless swain's plerhetic purse to that of the heart-broken widow. Then all seemed clear sailing. The suit with Mrs. Johnson soon arrived at a point where nothing remained but the words of a minister to again restore to the community a Mr. and Mrs. James McDonald. But notwithstanding the fact that a former experience should have given each all the finesse necessary to the successful consummation of their plans, the course of true love did not run smoothly. James conceived the idea that Mrs. Johnson wanted him only for his money. She became convinced that he was trifling with her. And as a result an amused and interested public was entertained for a week by a may breach of promise suit at Logansport. Love letters galore were read in open court, and they proved that James was not only an ardent wooer but a master of the art of polite correspondence as well. He set up in his defense that his erstwhile charmer had a temper incompatible with his own; but a sympathetic jury, influenced perhaps by the pitiful spectacle of the helplessness of the aforesaid 14-year-old incumbent, concluded that \$1,000 was about the right compensation, and so awarded. This was again portrayed the experience of Mr. Pickwick and Mrs. Bardell.

He Was Frugal.
A man brought a loaf of bread of a Lewiston baker, says the Journal, and finding he could not eat it all up he brought back part of it the second day and asked to have it exchanged for hot biscuits. "If that don't beat all," remarked the baker, "and the man has such of this world's goods, too." The baker wasn't soft enough to exchange.
The Bamboo Tree.
The bamboo tree does not blossom until it attains its thirtieth year, when it produces seed profusely, and then dies. It is said that a famine was prevented in India in 1812 by the sudden flowering of the bamboo trees, fifty thousand people resorting to the jungles to gather the seed for food.
Deep Buried Relics.
A Stockton well-borer recently found the tooth of an animal at a depth of 1,124 feet. It resembles the tooth of a monkey. Another tooth, apparently that of a herbivorous animal, was found at a depth of 900 feet.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS OF HIS LIFE.

Washington and the Spy—How He Subdued a Whole Band of Rascals—The Great Man's Mother—Remembering His Two Pretty Sisters—Portrait of Washington, Etc.

Our Country's Star.
It has now been ninety-three years since the death of George Washington. During that long period, many brilliant reputations have shone upon us, for awhile, only to fade away and lapse into oblivion. His name remains all its interest for us, and probably more people have been particularly occupied of late with his career, its relics and its records, than ever before.

At the great sale of Washington memorials, held in Philadelphia, the place paid over for trifling objects once possessed by the great man and his family were extraordinary.

A legal document relating to the execution of his will, which his land had never touched, brought fifty dollars, and an autograph letter eighty-five.

A list of his slaves, written and signed by his own hand, brought four hundred and fifty dollars. Two of his memorandum books, closely written, brought eight hundred dollars. His family Bible was sold for seven hundred and sixty dollars, and books from his library, containing his signature or that of his wife, commanded prices varying from sixty dollars to one hundred and fifty dollars each.

Pieces of piano music which had been played by Miss Custis brought considerable sums, and a dinner invitation was sold for eighteen dollars.

The sale attracted universal attention, and every one lamented that the whole collection had not been bought by Congress and deposited at Mount Vernon.



GEORGE WASHINGTON.

where it could have been seen by every pilgrim to that sacred shrine.

There is a special reason for this vivid survival of his celebrity, apart from his services to his country, and his singularly varied and interesting career.

From his boyhood to the last work of his life he was a profuse writer. As soon as he could write well enough, he kept a book into which he copied anything that pleased or impressed him in his reading, and carefully entered his early sayings and surveys in a book that is preserved to the present day.

During his first journey in the wilderness of Virginia, when he was but 16, he kept a pretty full journal of his events, though the task could not have been easy on such a tramp.

In a similar way, but in greater detail, he recorded his early marches and campaigns, one of which was published both in England and America.

From the day when he took command of the revolutionary army at Cambridge, his own letters and orders, his reports to Congress and other official documents are the imperishable record of his public actions, as well as the most correct history of his character.

His own writings must ever remain the truest record of his life. Nothing can refute or supersede them. His confidential letters to his brother, to his secretary, to his steward and to his servants, as well as the more formal epistles addressed to the President of Congress, all tell the same story and exhibit the same man, one who was intent on discharging every trust, and fulfilling every duty with punctuality and completeness.

Presenting for Patty and Polly.
When Washington returned to Philadelphia after his trip to the East, in 1780, he stopped at Uxbridge, Mass., and was entertained at the home of Samuel Tappan, who had been a bridge that he wrote the following letter to Mr. Tappan, which is carefully preserved in the family:

HARTFORD, Nov. 8, 1780.
Sir—Being informed that you have given my name to one of your sons, and called another after Mrs. Washington's family (Hendricks), and being moreover very much pleased with the modest and innocent looks of your two daughters, Patty and Polly, I do for these reasons send each of these girls a piece of chinzy, and to Patty, the name of your son, and to Polly, the name of your daughter, which she may buy, I send five guineas, with which she may want, or she may dispose of them in any manner more agreeable to herself.

As I do not give these things with a view to have it talked of, or even to its being known, the less there is said about the matter the better it will please me; but that I may be sure the chinzy and money have got to hand, let me hear from you, and your equal to it, write me a line informing me thereof, directed to the President of the United States, at Philadelphia, and your family well, and your own health, I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
G. WASHINGTON.

Washington and the Spy.
It is painful to find that the father of his country practiced deceit down in Jersey. Elias Boudinot, whose papers are getting printed, reveals this side of Washington's character. He actually played a trick on Sir William Howe, and made him believe he had 12,000 men in his army about Morristown, when he had but 3,000.

It seems that Howe had sent one of his innumerable spies, who were Tories in New York and Tories in Philadelphia, to see what was going on about

Morristown. The adjutant-general found out the rascal and asked Gen. Washington if he would not have him arrested.

No, said the crafty Virginian—and here I quote from Boudinot—"but ordered him to go home and immediately to draw returns from every brigade in the army of the number of their brigades, making the army to consist of about 12,000 effective men, etc.; to place these in the pigeon-holes on his desk, and then get introduced to the spy and to invite him to lodge with him—to endeavor to get him to sup with him alone. About 9 o'clock in the evening to have an orderly sergeant to call on him with positive orders that the adjutant should attend the general in haste. That then he should make an excuse to the gentleman suspected as a spy and leave him alone about half an hour. This was done, and in this interval, as was suspected, the spy took a copy of the returns and next morning went off with them to New York. This convinced Gen. Howe that we were too strong to be attacked, and saved us through the winter."

Prof. Hosmer, who has written so well about Sir Henry Vane and Samuel Adams, thinks that Adams and Franklin did not behave quite right in the matter of Gov. Hutchinson's letters, which put Massachusetts in the hands of the patriots. But here is George Washington, who could not tell a lie, making his brigadiers all tell one.—Boston Advertiser.

The Testimony of Time.
The people of these United States this year celebrate the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary of George Washington's birth. Every intelligent and patriotic citizen will recall with pride the influence of his triumphs in war, his accomplishments as the first President of the Republic, his superb character as a man.

The visible results of the policy inaugurated under his executive approval



GEORGE WASHINGTON.

are marvelous. Thirteen States formed

his confederacy, all of them purely agricultural. Since the Continental regime they have become the foremost region of the world in the variety and volume of their manufactures through the unexampled fertility of inventive genius.

He stands the noblest leader who has ever intrusted with his country's life.

His patience under provocation, his calmness in danger, and lofty courage when all others despaired, his prudent delays when the Continental Congress was imperative and the staff almost insubordinate, and his quick resistances when action was possible; his magnanimity to his detractors and generosity to his foes, his ambition for his country and unselfishness for himself, his sole desire the freedom and independence of America, and his only wish to return after victory to private life and the peaceful pursuits and pleasures of home, have all combined to make him, by the unanimous judgment of the world, the foremost figure of history. Not so abnormally developed in any direction as to be called a genius, yet he was the strongest, because the best balanced, the fullest rounded, the most even, and most self-masterful of men—the incarnation of common sense and moral purity, of action and repose.

The Republic will live so long as it revere the memory and emulate the virtues of George Washington.

To G. Washington.
All hail to you, George Washington,
The man who could not tell a lie!
All honor let us pay!

Our fathers recognized your worth,
They liked your cut so well,
They ran you out for President,
For the lie you could not tell.

But if you were alive to-day,
And had your way to carve,
And really could not tell a lie,
Why, George, you'd simply starve.

A Portrait of Washington.
The original portrait of Washington (right side of the face) by Gilbert Stuart, long thought to have been destroyed by the artist, seems to have been recognized in the hands of Dr. W. F. Channing, of California, who inherited it from his distinguished father, Rev. William Ellery Channing, who obtained it from his uncle, Colonel Gibbs.—Science.

The Truth of the Matter.
Young George Wash.—Say, governor, let's compromise this thing. You drop this cherry tree fuss, without a likin', and I'll quit cigarettes.

Washington, Sr.—Come to my arms, my noble boy! Are there any of the other trees that you would like to chop?

MUSIC IN THE SCHOOLS.

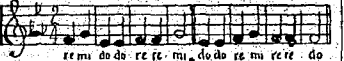
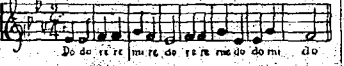
CRITICISM OF METHODS OF INSTRUCTION EMPLOYED.

Children Can Learn to Read Music as Readily as They Learn to Read Words When the One Is Taught in as Rational a Manner as the Other.

Practical Suggestions.

Many public schools are giving much attention to music. Note-singing, in vogue for a time, has been abandoned for the scientific method. And there are singing-superintendents and assistant singing-superintendents, and charts, and graded exercises, and graded singing-books, and a compliant force of graded teachers. Yet in the face of all this machinery and talent the leader of a boys' choir says, in the Chicago Times: "I have had scores and scores of boys come to me for training—nearly all boys from the public schools—and in not one case were they able to read even simple music at sight."

He believes the root of the trouble lies in the fact that the reading of music is not taught generally and systematically in primary grades. He declares that pupils drilled from the first primary to the grammar grades ought to be able to read and sing with ease and spirit such music as trios from Rossini and Abt. Furthermore, he says he can



prove that it has been done. He said:

"Singing and speaking advance side by side in childhood. When the education of a child commences the reading of words and notes should not part company, as the reading of words and words should be allowed to remain companions, as words and music were before the child commenced its education; then all would understand written music as well as they understand written words, and would write down their own musical thoughts as easily as they write their own thoughts, and never will there be a thoroughly musical nation until it is educated up to this point. Scale sounds must be known. They can be taught to the least child that enters a school, and should be taught upon its first entering the school. A chart which contains all the twelve scales should be used for this purpose, because upon it is represented all the sounds used in music, except the extreme high and low sounds which are not necessary in youth music. As a change from the chart, simple note exercises upon the staff should be commenced, and extended and varied as the

ability of the child develops. Here is an example of a tune made of three sounds:

"All blackboard exercises should be written by the pupils as soon as they are competent to do so. Reading should be taught in the primary department. Before the child enters the grade of music would then be possible in the grammar department."

To give variety to chart-reading and the note exercises of blackboard and book, he suggests that the little people now and then write the dictation of the teacher, and after that copy, and sing it from their papers. This is a drill in scale sounds, is an exercise in letter formation, allows one book to serve a room, and adds the spice of chance to a general sameness."

He further adds: "The trouble has been hitherto that the ability to write musical thought has been considered almost an impossibility, except by the musical genius. The writing of music should begin with the writing of words, then the ability to sing from notes would advance side by side with the ability to read notes. For instance, a child could easily be made to understand that the lowest line in key E or F, represents the first sound of the scale, and that all notes upon that line are called DO in either of those keys, and all notes in the next space represent RE, the second sound of the scale, and all notes close under the lowest line

represent TI, the seventh sound of the scale. Then, if two other notes be added to those already used, the tune may be further continued:

"With these five notes learned, an almost endless number of little tunes and exercises could be written. I will give one familiar example:

A recent visit to a representative school revealed creditable work then going on in music as in other things. In the second primary a bright teacher greeted the visitor with this apology: "We've been having a awfully dreadful day, and the singing superintendent and the drawing superintendent have both been here—happened to come at the same time—and on a rainy Monday!"

Then she looked at her little flock as if they were sheep, and singing was asked for, whereupon the teacher drew down a chart from some hiding-place and the children, following her pointer, ranged up and down avenues of sound, and into cross streets with apparent confidence. They have learned twenty-three exercises by note, the teacher said, producing a primary-grade singing-book. "They learn by note everything they sing."

Whether this represents the teaching in all primary grades is not known.

A citizen of Chicago has invented a simple device for delivering mail matter to the upper floors of buildings by means of movable boxes attached to wires on the exterior. The effect is to save an endless amount of stair climbing—a matter which steadily assumes increased importance as buildings grow in height.

A Butterfly Bath.
Australian butterflies bathe. One will alight close to the water, into which it backs until the whole of the body is submerged, the fore legs alone retaining their hold on dry land. In a moment it will fly away, apparently refreshed.

In Past Ages.
A copper-rod projecting from the face of a cliff in Saline County, Mo., indicates that at some date in the far West, beyond the ken of man, copper mining was carried on in that vicinity.

A Rhododendron Quarry.
On a farm in the suburbs of Providence, R. I., there has been located what is claimed to be one of the largest and richest veins of granite in the entire country.

What a Beautiful Climate.
In the Sahara Desert the day may be boiling hot, but not infrequently the temperature at night falls below freezing point.

The Eternal City must be a Romantic spot during the carnival.—Binghamton Republican.

One can but reflect how undermining it would be to the public school system if she and other teachers of grammar

grades were to begin at the beginning with all the branches of their work. The pleasantly guarded statement seemed to prove what some strongly assert—that music is not graded and not taught in schools as systematically as are other studies, and as it will be—must be sooner or later. It is not contended that, even with superlative training, every child can learn to soar like a soprano angel or descend like a basso profundo, but the gentleman heretofore quoted maintains that every child can learn to read music intelligently, and he should be taught to do so, not in the hurry and growing of the upper grades, but in the leisure and patience of the beginnings of knowledge. This age, he says, knows no bounds in science or art. Let "the tree toils" be placed wisely, persistently at the head of St. Cecilia's train and future years may have for us the revelation of general musical power.

PLAYING WITH LIGHTNING.

Why a Fakir Rolled on the Ground and Yelled Like a Demon.

The unfortunate fakir must have been firmly impressed with the superiority of English magic to his own, although these strangers are often adepts in mystery, and perfect masters of tricks of all kinds. The amateur experimenter had arranged his apparatus in the open air, and was setting to work when the fakir made his appearance and asked for alms.

These were refused, on the ground that the fellow could quite well work if he chose; and the Englishman resumed business, trying to disregard the mendicant, who, however, did not budge an inch, but remained silent with "what appeared to be a pair of tongs and a brass dish at the extremity" still extended to receive the expected coins.

I looked up at him again. There he stood on one leg, his eyes riveted on mine. He continued this performance for nearly an hour.

"If you stand there much longer," I said, at length, "I'll give you such a taste of lightning as will soon make you glad to go."

The only answer to this threat was a smile of derision that sent his moustache bristling against his nose.

"Lightning!" he sneered. "Your lightning can't touch a fakir; the gods take care of him."

Without more ado I charged the battery and connected it with a coil machine, which, as those who have tried it are aware, is capable of racking nerves in a way that few persons are capable of voluntarily enduring beyond a few seconds.

The fakir seemed rather amused at the queer-looking implements on the table, but otherwise maintained a look of lofty stoicism, nor did he seem in any way alarmed when I approached with the conductors.

I fastened one wire to his still extended tongs, and the other to the foot on the ground. The machine was not yet in action, and beyond disconcerting him a little, the attachment of the wires produced no effect, but when I pushed the magnet into the coil, and gave him the full strength of the battery, he howled like a demon. The tongs, to which his hand was now fastened by a force against his will, quivered in his grasp.

He threw himself on the ground, rolling and gnashing his teeth, the tongs clanging an irregular accompaniment. He rolled about in such a way as to avoid the coils, and he would do himself mischief. I stopped the machine, therefore, and he scrambled up and left the lawn at a double-quick step.—N. Y. Journal.

Neva's Delightful Climate.
In May, June and July the weather on the Neva is as hot as it is in summer time in Queensland, and the chief delights of the people whose official duties detain them in the capital is to be rowed about the Neva in the soft and mellow gloaming, and to experience the pleasurable sensation of being able to read the newspaper without the aid of artificial light at 11 p. m.

The Barbarous Esquimaux.
Both sexes among the Esquimaux are tattooed. Labrets are favorite ornaments. In early youth a cut is made in the lower lip and a small wooden ring is introduced to keep it from closing. Gradually it is enlarged and the adult is decorated with a labret of jade, ivory, bone or glass, shaped like a silk hat, miniature, the rim being inside the mouth to hold it.

The Peaky Thing.
A dime fell down behind one of the bolts in the big safety vaults of the City National Bank of Plainfield, N. J., the other night, when it was locked, and the vault could not be opened the next morning. Two expert safe-openers from New York worked twelve hours before the doors could be opened, and had to cut a big hole in one of them.

Mail Matter.
A citizen of Chicago has invented a simple device for delivering mail matter to the upper floors of buildings by means of movable boxes attached to wires on the exterior. The effect is to save an endless amount of stair climbing—a matter which steadily assumes increased importance as buildings grow in height.

A Butterfly Bath.
Australian butterflies bathe. One will alight close to the water, into which it backs until the whole of the body is submerged, the fore legs alone retaining their hold on dry land. In a moment it will fly away, apparently refreshed.

In Past Ages.
A copper-rod projecting from the face of a cliff in Saline County, Mo., indicates that at some date in the far West, beyond the ken of man, copper mining was carried on in that vicinity.

A Rhododendron Quarry.
On a farm in the suburbs of Providence, R. I., there has been located what is claimed to be one of the largest and richest veins of granite in the entire country.

What a Beautiful Climate.
In the Sahara Desert the day may be boiling hot, but not infrequently the temperature at night falls below freezing point.

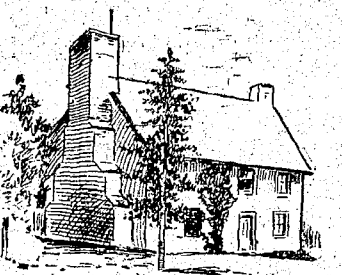
The Eternal City must be a Romantic spot during the carnival.—Binghamton Republican.

One can but reflect how undermining it would be to the public school system if she and other teachers of grammar

A VERY OLD HOUSE.

It Is Said to Be the Oldest in the United States, and Stands in Guilford, Conn.

What is probably the oldest house in the United States stands in a good state of preservation in the pleasant village of Guilford, Conn. Besides its antiquity, says Frank Leslie, the structure is extremely interesting from its novel construction. Guilford—then called Mennunkatuck—was settled in 1630 by a party from Barnstable, headed by the Rev. Henry Whitfield, and the stone house was built in that year, so that it is now over two hundred and fifty-two years old. The walls are of stone, some four feet in thickness, and plastered inside and out, narrow fissures being left in them through which muskets were pointed at the red-skins. The timbers and floor-boards are of massive oak, hewn out with primitive tools. On



STONE HOUSE IN GUILFORD, CONN. BUILT IN 1630.

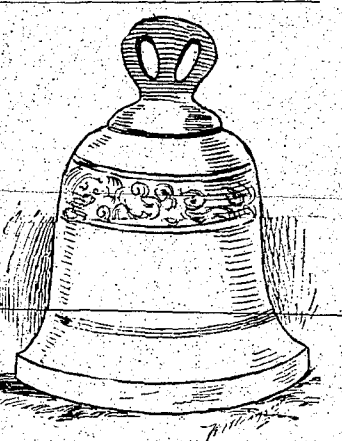
one side is an immense chimney, built outside the walls, the fire-place being about ten feet wide and six feet high. The rooms are small and dark, owing to the deeply recessed and small windows, and the ceilings are scarcely seven feet high. The house has been somewhat modernized, the fissures in the walls being no longer visible, and the fire-place has been boarded over, the house being the Stone House Farm headquarters, but it remains one of the most interesting relics of a past generation to be found in this country.

IT BELONGED TO COLUMBUS.

A Bell as Old as the Discovery of the New World.

The African M. E. Church, of Halesville, Cumberland County, N. J., has perhaps the oldest bell on the continent and one with a most remarkable history.

In 1492, after Isabella and Ferdinand wrested Granada, one of the richest cities in Spain, from the Moors, the celebrated mosque of the Alhambra was turned into a Christian temple and several bells were cast and placed there to call the faithful to prayers. In 1502 Isabella presented one of these bells to Columbus upon his departure for America.



THE COLUMBUS BELL.

for the fourth time, and he in turn donated it to a religious brotherhood, by whom the beginning of the great Cathedral of Cartagena, on the Spanish main, was made. Here the bell performed its mission until Cartagena was sacked by buccaners in 1607. In the division of spoils the bell fell to a French ship, the La Rochelle, and for a time served to call the practical crew to duty. Toward the end of 1697 the La Rochelle was wrecked off the island of San Andres, but the bell, with a few of the crew, was saved. Here the bell remained until Capt. Elias A. Newall discovered its strange history, and it was by him procured and presented to the little church in Halesville in 1885.

The bell weighs 60 pounds and stands 11 inches high. Its top diameter is 8 inches and the diameter at the mouth 14 inches. Its tone is very clear and the quality of the material superior to that used now.

It Would Seem So.
If an S and an I and an O and a U, With an X at the end, spell S, I, O, and an E and an A and an E spell I, Pray what is a speller to do?

Then, if also an S and an I and a G, And an H, E, D and spell S, I, O, Then there's nothing much left for a speller to do. But to go and commit slownesses, —Pearson's Weekly.

Ball-room Shoes.
The shoes worn with ball dresses or any full evening toilet are now made of the same material as the dress, with a ribbon rosette or pompon, and the points embroidered in beads, or fine mordore kid, with the points embroidered with the same colored silk, and metal beads.

Great Snakes.
The Japanese believe in serpents 800 feet long, and large enough to swallow an elephant; foxes with eight legs, monkeys with four ears, fishes with ten heads attached to one body, the flesh of which is good for boils.

A Grand Tomb.
The grandest tomb in the world is, without doubt, the Taj Mahal, or Crown of Empires, at Agra. It is an octagonal building of the purest white marble, the interior being decorated with inlaid work of precious stones.

Better than Telegraphy.
Recently between Tewkesbury and Cheltenham, in three minutes, 700 words were sent to a newspaper office and correctly received over a telephone wire.

A Straight Shot.
A railroad in the Argentine Republic has one stretch of 211 miles without a curve or a bridge.

Entered at the Post Office at Grayling, Mich., as second-class matter.

POLITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

A reciprocity treaty has been concluded with the British West Indies. Now look out for the usual squall from the free traders.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat is heartless enough to remark that "when Chile salutes Old Glory she will know how the Democrats felt at Appomattox."

Grover Cleveland has declined with thanks the invitations of both the Grand Rapids Press and Jefferson Clubs to attend their banquets February 23.

Hill clubs are springing up spontaneously all over the country. It's no use to kick, the rank and file of the democracy naturally admire a "THIEF."—Detroit Tribune.

During December the exports of the United States to Cuba and Porto Rico were double in amount those for the same month in 1890. This is one result of the Republican policy of reciprocity.

The eagerness with which some few snarling democrat sheets snatch at the faint hope of discrediting a gallant soldier's noble record is the best evidence that they fear Gen. Alger's popularity with the people.

Democratic papers admit that the reciprocity treaties with the British West Indies will be of considerable value to this country. Thus must its enemies admit the wisdom of the Republican party.—Blade.

France now has a very stringent protective tariff, which went into effect on February 1st. The English free trade press raises its voice in lamentation, but the French government is legislating for France, not for Great Britain.

Complete returns from twenty counties in the State of New York that elected Supervisors last week, show that the Republicans elected a total of 248, and the democrats a total of 114, making the Republican majority 134 as against 36 in 1891.

In the last year of Cleveland's administration, the United States bought \$33,000,000 more from foreign nations than it sold to them, whereas in 1891, under republican rule, the sales exceeded the purchases by \$142,000,000. Such figures need no comment.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Governor Boyd will signalize his return to office in Nebraska by calling an extra session of the legislature to get under the state and "Michiganize" its electoral vote. This will divide Nebraska's vote on the Presidency. Republicans who voted for Boyd can now figure on what they have gained.—Blade.

There will be very few Democratic county boards of Supervisors this fall, judging from the returns of elections of Supervisors so far held. The Hill-Murphy-Crocker scheme for stealing the state in November through rascally Democratic boards, as they did the State majority, will be utterly frustrated if other elections yet to be held turn out as well.—N. F. Press.

Ex-speaker Dickema is right when he declared that a government that can protect its citizens from insult and outrage in the uttermost parts of the earth, should take upon itself the task of insuring their safety in the exercise of the most sacred privilege and discharge of the highest duty of a citizen, and have his vote counted as cast.

A Maine farmer writes as follows to the Oxford (Me.) Democrat: "I have looked over your 'Bill McKinley' act and find I have saved \$15 on my sugar bill, got \$15 more for wool sold, and can't find where I have paid over \$3 or \$4 by reason of tariff, although I have expended \$600 or \$800 in various purchases affected by legislation. Have been in active life, laboring in the field and elsewhere forty-five or more years, and the clamorous party's predictions never came true, unless they got the reins of government."

The canvass of and for candidates to fill the state offices at the next election is becoming active and it behooves the people to be careful in their choice. Among the names which will be presented at the Republican convention is that of C. V. R. Pond, of Coldwater for the office of Auditor General. We are not in the nominating business, but are ready to say that no man in the state is more efficiently fitted for the place. A gallant soldier of enviable record, a gentleman always, an exceedingly popular comrade of the G. A. R. If nominated we predict his majority to be at the top of the ticket.

If editor Dana's object in attacking Gen. Alger was to bring out thousands of spirited tributes to the eminent Detroit's high standing as a soldier and a gentleman he can put himself on the back with all the self-congratulation of distinguished success.—Det. Trib.

The Squawbuck legislature failed to make a sufficient appropriation for Michigan's exhibit at the World's Fair, and now the Commissioners appointed by Gov. Winans are calling on the Schools, churches and other societies to help them out of their difficulty in making \$75,000.00 cover the expenses of an exhibit for which \$125,000.00 should have been appropriated, to take up collections and receiving donations to make up the deficiency. More nickelism.

Just at the conclusion of the fourteenth ballot for the democratic National Committee, when it was becoming evident that Chicago was likely to get the Democratic convention, some opposing strikers remarked as a parting shot at the Windy City: "Gentlemen, it will not do to go to Chicago; her water supply is giving out." Up jumped a member and asked, "What in thunder has the water supply to do with a Democratic convention?" This settled it.

Since Governor Flower appointed Maynard to the Supreme bench in New York State (the highest court in the nation save the Supreme Court at Washington) it has transpired that it was Maynard himself who stole the lawful election returns from the State Comptroller's office and substituted a fraudulent return counting in a Democratic Senator. No more disgraceful exposure has ever been made in American politics than this crime and reward of Maynard.—Chicago Tribune.

When the gig of plucky Commodore Evans of the Yorktown was stoned by Valparaiso ruffians he promptly notified the complacent Chilean authorities that if the attack was repeated he should defend his men by force. This action a denationalized Mugwump newspaper calls "a gross insult to a foreign power." Apparently the fixed Mugwump notion is that American sailors have no rights which foreign ruffians are bound to respect. Fortunately the American people have quite another idea.—N. Y. Press.

The Sheffield (England) Daily Telegraph has the following clear view of the nature and effects of our new tariff law:

The promoters of the McKinley tariff want it to push forward the policy of America for the Americans. One method of realizing it was to keep at work with a will.

The Chicago Tribune in referring to the N. Y. Sun's attack on Gen. Alger, says: it must be confessed that it has not been conspicuously successful in trying to pin-point the Alger boom by charging that General Alger was dishonorably discharged from the army. General Alger's reply will be considered sufficient by any fair-minded person. But why should the Sun be meddling with any republican's boom? It will need all its talent, energy, sophistry and delusion to keep up the boom of its own candidate, D. B. Hill, the most corrupt, dishonest and dangerous representative of the most corrupt, dishonest and dangerous political organization in the United States.

Where Do You Get Your Coal?

Do you know? Were you ever in a coal mine? Can you imagine what one looks like? Or what kind of folks the miners are? Or how their families live? After you have read that splendid paper in the March number of DEMOCRAT'S FAMILY MAGAZINE, "Through the Coal Country with a Camera," and studied the twenty-odd fine pictures which illustrate it, every piece of coal you see will be invested with a new interest; and when you read about "strikes" among the miners, you will better appreciate their true significance. Photographs were taken specially for this article, and have been reproduced in superb style. "German Without a Master," by Prof. A. de Rognonmont of Chautauqua University will be of incalculable value to those who wish to study that useful language; "The Home of a Specialist" furnishes excellent ideas about economizing space, and achieving artistic results without a great expenditure of money; and "How to Imitate Plaster Casts" tells how to make those pretty ornaments look like ivory. "Next Summer's Garden" is in good season, so that the garden may be planned properly, and a profusion of flowers ensured all through the summer; "Training a Husband" will amuse everybody; and there are other splendid stories, and all the excellent departments for which this magazine is noted are replete with seasonable things. The subscription price to this ideal Family Magazine is only \$2 a year. Published by W. JENNINGS DEMOCRAT, 13 E. 14th St., New York.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS CRAWFORD COUNTY, MICHIGAN.

DISBURSEMENTS CONTINUED.

No 6. John Hanna, committee work. Amount claimed \$3.20; allowed	13 20
No 7. W. Hickey, committee work. Amount claimed 15.00; allowed	15 00
No 8. J. G. Fox, mason work. Claimed 2.00; allowed	2 00
No 9. J. Leese, abstract work. Claimed 129.30; allowed	129 30
No 10. G. W. Love, postage, claimed 46 cts., allowed	46
No 11. C. B. Burch, constable fees. C'd. 1.75; allowed	1 75
No 12. R. McElroy, justice fees. Claimed 2.00; allowed	2 00
No 13. Same. C'd. 56.40; al.	44 40
No 14. W. Woodburn, same. Amt. claimed 24.03; allowed	24 05
No 15. N. A. Foster, sheriff's fees. Claimed 35 cts., al'd	35
No 16. C. F. Kelly, sheriff's fees. Claimed 9.00; allowed	9 00
No 17. H. T. Shafer, chairman work; claimed 12.00; al.	12 00
No 18. T. Wakeley, sheriff's fees; claimed 37.50; allowed	37 50
No 19. R. Richmond & Backus supplies; claimed 14.25, al'd	14 25
No 20. L. Fournier, supplies claimed 3.95; allowed	3 95
No 21. J. Leese, expressage, claimed 60 cts., allowed	60
No 22. J. E. Davidson, sheriff's fees; claimed 2.50, al'd	2 50
No 23. L. Fournier, supplies claimed 4.45; allowed	4 45
No 24. A. Krause, labor; claimed 60 cents, allowed	60
No 25. Claggett & Pringle; claimed 8.73; allowed	8 73
No 26. C. M. Jackson, postage; claimed 3.95; allowed	3 90
No 27. T. E. Hastings, dep. sh. fees; claimed 4.20, al'd	4 20
No 28. D. McCormick, dep. sh. fees; claimed 8.25; al'd	8 25
No 29. G. Hartman, same; claimed 2.30; allowed	2 30
No 30. Edwin Alger, same; claimed 5.50; allowed	5 50
No 31. Henry Funch, same; claimed 22.55, allowed	22 55
No 32. C. F. Kelley, same; claimed 24.10, allowed	24 10
No 33. H. Guterman, same; claimed 5.85, allowed	5 85
No 34. S. L. Cook, same; claimed 6.20, allowed	6 20
No 35. Jno. McCabe, same; claimed 55 cents, allowed	55
No 36. Eli Frederic, same; claimed 90 cents, allowed	90
No 37. R. C. Conners, same; claimed 4.55, allowed	4 55
No 38. C. L. Lewis, same; claimed 3.60, allowed	3 60
No 39. Frank Buel, same; claimed 75 cents, allowed	75
No 40. J. C. Rainbow, same; claimed 80 cents, allowed	80
No 41. C. E. Paddock, same; claimed 55 cents, allowed	55
No 42. J. J. McDonald, same; claimed 2.05, allowed	2 05
No 43. Edwin Parnell, same; claimed 30 cents, allowed	30
No 44. W. H. Smith, same; claimed 4.25, allowed	4 25
No 45. T. Wakeley, same; claimed 4.75, allowed	4 75
No 46. J. G. McMan, same; claimed 1.85, allowed	1 85
No 47. Sam. Pelark, same; claimed 1.85, allowed	1 85
No 48. H. Gallinger, same; claimed 2.95, allowed	2 95
No 49. C. B. Burch, same; claimed 1.05, allowed	1 05
No 50. J. J. Alexander, same; claimed 4.00, allowed	4 00
No 51. J. D. Evans, same; claimed 2.30, allowed	2 30
No 52. John Mayer, same; claimed 10 cents, allowed	10
No 53. Jacob Bornitz, same; claimed 4.00, allowed	4 00
No 54. Arthur Doty, same; claimed 1.10, allowed	1 10
No 55. S. L. Cook, same; claimed 1.90, allowed	1 90
No 56. J. H. McClain, same; claimed 1.20, allowed	1 20
No 57. Pat. Sullivan, same; claimed 1.75, allowed	1 75
No 58. T. Wightman, same; claimed 80 cents, allowed	80
No 59. F. Klacking, same; claimed 2.15, allowed	2 15
No 60. C. S. Tomlin, same; claimed 6.55, allowed	6 55
No 61. W. H. Smith, same; claimed 2.55, allowed	2 55
No 62. John Boyle, same; claimed 1.65, allowed	1 65
No 63. Jas. P. King, same; claimed 3.05, allowed	3 05
No 64. A. H. Blanchard, same; claimed 4.55, allowed	4 55
No 65. Thos. Bradley, same; claimed 11.75, allowed	11 70
No 66. John Boyle, same; claimed 2.30, allowed	2 05
No 67. Jas. Hanley, same; claimed 6.55, allowed	6 55
No 68. Illing Bros & Everhard, supplies; c'd 23.16, al.	23 16
No 69. Richmond & Backus, same; c'd. 18.75, al'd	18 75
No 70. O. Palmer, stationery; claimed 20.60, allowed	20 00
No 71. Jno J. Coventry, soldier's relief fund; claimed 4.00 allowed	4 00
No 72. W. A. Masters, clerks' work and postage; claimed	87 66
No 73. T. Wakeley, sheriff's fees; claimed 36.50, allowed	36 50
No 74. F. A. Osborn, Notary work; claimed 6.75.	6 75
No 75. B. Linerlin, same; claimed 5.00.	5 00
No 76. F. J. Walker, Constable fees; claimed 6.16, al'd	5 66
No 77. T. E. Hastings, deputy sh. fees; claimed 6.16, al'd	6 16
No 78. Tatcher & Tatcher, medical attendance; claimed 2.00, allowed	2 00
No 79. E. Alger, deputy sh. fees; claimed 35.00, allowed	35 00
No 80. D. McCormick, same; claimed 35.00, allowed	35 00
No 81. do same; claimed 77.00, allowed	78 10
No 82. do same; claimed 2.50, allowed	1 40

HALLO!
HALLO!!

"A," Do you know??
"B," What?
"A," That D. B. CONNER has returned from below, where he bought a new and full stock of
CHOICE GROCERIES AND DRY GOODS!

But this is not all, but you ought to get the prices on
HAY, GRAIN AND OTHER FEED

You will be surprised at the lowness of prices on all his different lines of Goods, so much so, that you will at once be convinced where your money will go the farthest.

Do not forget the place. It is at the store of
D. B. CONNER.
Grayling Michigan.

If you are in need of a
WOOD STOVE
Cooking or Heating Purposes,
or if you want any—

HARD WARE, OR TIN WARE,
Then come and
Examine our Goods and Low Prices.

We are located next to the post office, where we will be pleased to show you a complete stock of Hard Ware and Tin Ware of any description. All kinds of tin, copper and sheet iron work promptly attended to.
We have a few more CAMP STOVES, which we will close out at very low prices.
A. KRAUS.

No 83. L. & L. J. Patterson, printing; claimed 2.10, al'd

2 10	mittee to whom was referred the matter of meeting with committee from Oscoda county, to look over ground for bridge on county line over the Ausable River, would say: as per notice to meet Dec. 16th, 1891, at the residence of Dr. Niles, that I was the only representative at all, it was impossible to come to a determination. I looked the ground over and in my opinion I don't think it would benefit the residents of this county sufficient to warrant the building of a bridge at that place.
4 50	Respectfully, yours.
4 50	L. J. MILLER, Com.
4 50	Moved and supported that the bill of John J. Neiderer be allowed as charged.
4 50	Motion lost.
3 90	On motion of Supervisor Aebli the bill of John J. Neiderer was allowed at \$105.00.
6 00	On motion of Supervisor Aebli, the following communication from the Prosecuting Attorney, was accepted and placed on file.

Grayling, Mich., Jan. 16th, '92.
To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Crawford county, now in session:
GENTS:—I would hereby recommend that no fees be allowed officers for charges in criminal cases, except where the person charged with crimes is duly brought before a Justice of the Peace.

JOSEPH PATTERSON.
Moved by Supervisor Aebli, that the County Treasurer be instructed to transfer \$700.00 from the County Building Fund to the County Continuing Fund.
Motion carried.

On motion of Supervisor Hum, the Clerk and Chairman was authorized to draw orders for the payment of repairs on Jail and the erection of a storm-shed.

On motion of Supervisor Miller, the Board adjourned without date.

H. T. SHAFER, CHAIRMAN.

J. J. NEIDERER, Deputy Clerk.

(THE END.)

If Blaine had thought how it pleased England and the Democrat party, he would not have written his letter of designation.

MORNING SESSION, JAN. 16, '92.

Supervisor Shafer in the Chair.
Roll called. Entire Board present. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Moved and supported that following the bills read by the Clerk be allowed as charged.

\$ 21 00	W. Hickey, Supervisor's work,
18 12	J. F. Hum, do
18 32	Peter Aebli, do
18 20	Jno. Hanna, do
19 20	O. Barber, do
19 50	B. F. Sherman, do
19 56	H. T. Shafer, do
20 04	G. Fumble, do
20 28	J. L. Miller, do

On motion of Supervisor Faubie, the report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges, was accepted and adopted.

Grayling, Mich., Jan. 15, '92.
To the hon. Chairman and Board of Supervisors, of Crawford County.
GENTS:—As a member of the com-

ONE QUARTER OFF.

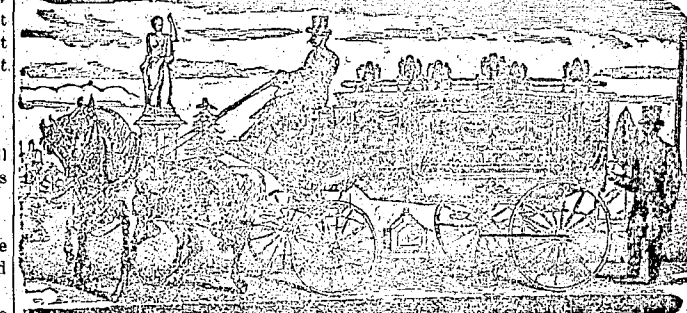
1/4 OFF. 1/4

H. JOSEPH.
OF THE
OPERA HOUSE STORE
Is Selling off his stock
of Dry Goods, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., at 1-4 off.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

HAVE several pieces of Real Estate for sale or exchange, that will offer a good margin to investors.
AMONG THEM ARE THE FOLLOWING:
A Cheap House and desirable Lot on Cedar Street.
The vacant lot on corner of Cedar and Ottawa Streets.
Two vacant lots on Peninsula Avenue. Very desirable.
Two lots corner of Ottawa and Maple Streets.
Several choice lots on Brink's addition.
GOOD HOUSE, TWO LOTS, BARN, FINE SHRUBBERY, etc., corner Peninsula Avenue and Ogden Street. Cheap.
A number of good farms.
Six Houses and Lots in Jonesville.
Fine Brick Store in Hudson.
Any of the above property will be sold on terms to suit purchasers, or exchanged for other property.
O. PALMER.

UNDERTAKING! UNDERTAKING!



AT HANSON & BRADEN'S FURNITURE ROOMS

WILL be found at all times a full line of CLOTH and WOOD CASKETS and BURIAL CASES, Ladies' Gents' and Childrens' ROBES. A good HEARSE will be sent to any part of the country FREE. Especial attention given to embalming or preserving corpse.

AMBROSE CROSS
BLACKSMITH SHOP

Has returned to Grayling to stay, and opened a
next to the Bridge, on Cedar Street, where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, in a thorough and satisfactory manner.

Horse-shoeing and Repairing

promptly attended to.
Prices reasonable.
A. CROSS.
May 21 '91. tf

"I'm Just Going Down to the Gate"

and 80 other Popular Ballads, in book form, size 8 1/2 of Sheet Music. Sent, post-paid, for ONLY FOUR CENTS. Stamps taken. AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO.
8890 Fairmount Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

ADVERTISERS

or others, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill., at the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

Scientific American Agency for



For information and free Handbook write to: KUNN & CO., 21 Broadway, New York. Officers of these municipalities about to issue bonds, will find it to their advantage to apply to this firm. Blank Bonds and blanks for proceeds supplied without charge. All communications and inquiries will have prompt attention. This firm pays 4 per cent. on deposits compounded semi-annually. (Feb. 1892.)

Wayne County Savings Bank, Detroit, Mich.

\$500,000 to Invest in Bonds.

THIS PAPER is sent to Philadelphia, Pa., and is the property of the Scientific American Agency of New York, N. Y. A. V. E. & CO., our authorized agents.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Read the new Ad of A. Kraus.

Mrs. J. M. Finn returned to Ishpeming yesterday.

Green Apples at the store of S. H. & Co.

Choice Confectionery and Cigars, at Jackson & Masters.

Two pigs wanted, six months old. Enquire at this office.

C. W. Wight has been very sick this week, but is reported somewhat better.

Full Cream Cheese, at the Store of S. H. & Co.

Petroleum has been struck at the Killmaster oil well.

Fig Jam, something new. Try it, at Claggett & Pringle's.

Foresters have 140,000 in Michigan and a reserve fund of \$400,000.

A full assortment of Dried Fruits at the store of S. H. & Co.

Three young bears were captured by a party of Kalkaska choppers recently.

Messrs. Jackson & Master handle the Western Cottage Organ.

A Pekosky fishing company's nets would measure a total length of 240 miles.

For California fruit, all kinds, go to Wight's restaurant.

The steam Nigger in the mill broke, Monday, but only caused a few hours delay.

A nobby line of Mens' and Boys' stiff Hats, at Claggett and Pringle's.

Work on the new passenger station will begin at West Bay City early next month.

Selling, Hanson & Co. are closing out their stock of Plush Caps at low prices.

The Y. P. S. C. E. are preparing for a rare evening's entertainment for our citizens.

A fine line of Ladies' Slippers, just received, at Claggett & Pringle's. Prices lower than ever.

L. J. Patterson returned from his visit to friends in Cass County, last Thursday.

Fancy Dried Peaches, Peas, California Prunes and Silver Prunes at the store of S. H. & Co.

Henry Bates has returned to Grayling, having completed his work at Osego Lake.

Claggett and Pringle are building a five foot addition to their warehouse, near the railroad.

If you want a first class Sewing Machine, buy the American or Domestic of Jackson & Masters.

N. Michelson is looking after the logging interests of the firm in Emmet county, this week.

The finest line of Laces and Embroideries ever received in town, at Claggett and Pringle's.

Singer Sewing machines for sale on the installment plan, by F. R. DECKROW.

Jerry Sherman, of Maple Forest, was in town Monday, looking as young as he did ten years ago.

To make room for other goods, Selling, Hanson & Co. are selling clothing at a great discount.

Col. Worden left for Isabella county, Monday, to look after trespasses on the Indian lands.

A movement is on foot to build a cheese factory in Harrisville township, Alcona county.

The contract has been let for the erection of an Odd Fellows temple at Bay City next spring.

The mill here will be supplied the balance of the winter, with logs from the Twin Lake Branch.

A very fine Upright, grand piano found its way into Mrs. L. Fournier's pleasant rooms, last week.

A Rose-town capitalist will build a telephone line from West Branch through Rosetown to Tawas.

One big mill has started up at East Tawas for its season's cut, and the others will begin operations in April.

The grip has let go of Justice Woodburn and McElroy, which allows them to get their grip onto evil doers again.

S. Foster, of Big Rapids, was in town over Sunday. He has just recovered from a severe attack of la grippe.

Justice Woodburn appeared at his office last Monday morning, for the first time since his second attack of la grippe.

Claggett and Pringle are filling their store jam full of new goods. Bargains in every department. Prices lower than ever.

Leon J. Stephen, of Groves, has just got over a severe attack of la Grippe, but still had grip enough left to tackle a wild cat.

The entire family of school ma'ams were "At Home" to tea, a few evenings since. I enjoyed a high ride afterward.

A new post office has been established at Judge's Crossing, on the new road—Geo. F. Owen, P. M.

Just received at Claggett and Pringle's, a new and complete stock of Mens' and Children's Hats. All the latest styles.

Mrs. H. C. Dettman and children of Grayling, were here visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Springer.—West Branch Herald.

For fresh Crackers, Cookies, Bread and Confectionery, go to C. W. Wight's restaurant. He has just received a large assortment.

Mr. Fred Rose is home again, after two years absence and looks as though he had been in pleasant places. His friends bid him welcome.

The Harrisville roller mill company has purchased in the neighborhood of 10,000 bushels of grain at the mill since the market opened.

The Osego Co. Herald says the young people of Vanderbit amuse themselves at church by flipping raisins at the Minister.

Selling, Hanson & Co. have a few fancy Table Linens still in stock which are being sold at a great reduction. Call and see them.

C. F. Kelly, of Frederic, was in town last Monday. Charley has quite a lot of stock, and will dispose of some of it on favorable terms.

F. L. Barker came in from Lewiston Friday evening. The surveyors have postponed work on the extension until the snow leaves.

The Pioneer publishing company of Alpena expect to issue an evening daily, beginning about March 1st, to be known as the Daily Pioneer.

The largest and finest ice crop ever put up here has just been harvested by A. J. Love, from school section Lake. He finished yesterday.

Alpena citizens think a line to compete with the Detroit, Bay City & Alpena Railroad would give them a mail every day, Sundays included.

G. Walton Smith will make you a set of false teeth right and reasonable. Office at G. W. Smith's Jewelry store, Grayling. Reference those now wearing plates.

A homestead in Alger county points with pride to eight healthy children as among the 'improvements' he has made upon his claim during the last seven years.

The G. A. R. of Wolverine, will hold a 10c. social at the home of A. W. Eck the 13th inst. All are invited. Refreshments will be served.—Cheboygan Tribune.

The new mill of Michelson & Hanson Lumber Company, at Lewiston will be ready to start about the middle of March and their logging road, in Osego county by April 1st.

Hitchcock & Bialy have purchased a quantity of good pine timber near Grayling and are lumbering in that locality. The logs will come to their mill here.—Day City Tribune.

A full carload of goods were shipped to one camp, over the Twin Lake road last week, by Claggett and Pringle, the purchaser claiming he saved money by buying here.

MARRIED.—At the residence of Thos. Wakeley, Saturday, February 13th, Otto Johnson, of Grayling, and Almada Pierce, of Grove, Justice McElroy officiating.

The morning service at the Presbyterian church was omitted last Sunday, on account of the attendance of Rev. Geyer at the funeral of Mr. Buck, in Maple Forest.

D. W. Morrison has just closed a deal with Estey, Calkins & Co. for 1,500,000 feet of pine logs, to be put in by him on the Twin Lake branch and shipped here to be cut.—Pineconing News.

Dr. W. B. Flynn, dentist, of West Branch, is in town, and will be here until next Monday. Office with Dr. Smith, where he will be pleased to see all who may want any work done in his line.

The Citizens of Grayling and vicinity, will find Claggett and Pringle's, headquarters for Gents', Ladies' and Children's Shoes, for the season of ninety-two. Goods guaranteed. Prices rock-bottom.

Dr. C. L. Nauwan, accompanied by his son Arthur, left on Friday last for Northville to be an inmate of the Keeley Institute and receive treatment for alcoholism by bi-chloride of gold.—West Branch News.

Selling Hanson & Co., have 4,000,000 ft. on the bank, and will bank 6,000,000 ft. more, on the Lake Michigan shore, 12 miles from Mackinaw which will be towed across to the St. Ignace mill for sawing.

Leon J. Stephen, of Groves, brought in a lynx, or wild cat, last Monday, that he caught in a trap. He had quite a fight with it before it was killed. It is one of the largest, if not the largest ever killed in this county.

There is more joy in a printing office over one sinner who pays in advance and abuses the editor on every occasion than over ninety and nine who borrow the paper and sing its praises, without contributing a cent to keep it out of the poor house.

Blessed are the meek, for they shall inherit the earth, and obtain material for fencing it on time and without security.—West Branch Democrat.

Mrs. Mary A. Scott, of Bay City, mother of Mrs. C. L. Trembley, of this place, died very suddenly, of heart trouble, last Thursday evening.

Prof. W. P. Rankin, former principal of the Rochester, Mich., public school, but now a student in the Hopkins University, of Baltimore, has secured a patent on a bulletin board, projected while in Michigan.

A letter from John Walker, from his home in England, reports a mild winter and farmers now plowing for spring crops. Mrs. Walker seemed in much better health for a while, after their arrival there, but is now suffering as much as ever from neuralgia.

G. A. Johnson & Company, which latter means N. Michelson and R. Hanson, have bought the large, two circular saw mill at St. Ignace. The capacity of the mill will crowd 100,000 per day, and the shipments be entirely by water. The knowing ones say it is a bonanza.

Miss Bessie Michelson was just recovering from a severe attack of la Grippe, about two weeks ago, and was getting out, when she fell on an icy walk and received such injury that she was again confined to her room for two weeks, but is now reported happily recovering.

James Downs an old veteran, and a member of Ruddock Post, G. A. R., died at his home in Freedom last Tuesday night. The remains were brought to Cheboygan, Monday and buried in Pine Hill cemetery by the Ruddock Post. The deceased was township treasurer.—Cheboygan Tribune.

We call our readers' attention to the announcement in another column, of our combination offer whereby our readers can secure the Home Magazine of Washington, D. C., a whole year for a mere nominal sum in connection with a year's subscription to this paper. It will pay you to look into the matter.

The Ladies of the M. E. Church, will give a New England Supper at the Opera House, to-morrow evening at which all the dainties of the "olden time", will be served, to which all are cordially invited. Supper, 25 cents. There will be music, recitations, etc., during the evening for the entertainment of all, without extra charge. All should attend as the proceeds are for a worthy cause.

DEAD. At the residence of Holloway S. Buck, his son, in Maple Forest, Feb. 11, Walter Buck, aged 85 years.

The deceased was born in Erie Co., N. Y., April 27, 1807, and settled at Linden, Genesee county, Mich. in 1844, where his first wife died, and where he was remarried. His second wife lived but a few years and was buried at Linden.

He has made his home for the last 24 years with his son, Holloway, with whom he came to this county in 1879. But two others of nine children survive him.

An ever honest, upright and respected citizen has gone home.

Obituary.

Mrs. Elizabeth Brewer, aged 78 years died of la Grippe on the 9th of February, at her home in Grayling. The deceased was born in the state of New Hampshire, June 5th 1813, and has been a resident of Michigan for the past 55 years. She was a devoted christian for over 40 years, and the mother of nine children of whom three are living.

Card of Thanks.

I wish, with my children to convey our thanks through the columns of the AVANCE, to our many friends who so kindly through the kindness of our loved parent, and who assisted us in burying her. Hoping that they may long be spared the affliction and that all along the journey of life they may have many friends to lean upon.

J. A. LEWIS, and family

The Delinquent.

The Delinquent, a Journal of Fashion, Culture and Fine Arts, for the month of March, is received, and it is certainly superior to any number heretofore issued. It gives all the latest fashions, as well as instructions for purchasing material, what to buy and how it should be made up for both Ladies and Misses, and some other features never before given. It is certainly one of the completest and cheapest fashion magazines published. Price \$1.00 per year. Published by the Butterick Publishing Co., New York City. Subscriptions received at this office.

Frederic Items.

F. H. Osborne returned last week from a business trip to the Upper Peninsula.

School was closed last Thursday and Friday on account of the teacher, Miss Turnbull, being on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Davenport are at Elsie, Mich., called there by their daughter, Mrs. Dennis, who is very sick.

We are sorry to say that F. H. Osborne, who has run a general store here for the last two years and Postmaster for the past year, is to leave Frederic, at an early date, to engage in business in the Upper Peninsula.

Mr. O. is a first class business man, and has made many friends here that will regret to have him leave.

RESIDENT.

Our patrons wanting that great, old reliable weekly agricultural journal, THE PRADIAN FARMER of Chicago, Ill., can get it and the AVANCE for only \$1.75. In its \$22 year THE PRADIAN FARMER is full of life and vigor, and its ripe experience and high prominence in the domain of agriculture and its kindred industries make it a welcome visitor among the intelligent and well-to-do people of the central United States.

The Grayling schools will hold special exercises, commemorative of Washington. In the high school room, on Friday, Feb. 19th, at 2 o'clock P. M. All the departments will unite and give an interesting entertainment.

At the close of the exercises, a collection will be taken up, to which each pupil will be asked to contribute one cent only, the proceeds to be devoted to the "educational exhibit" of Michigan's schools, at the World's Fair. All are cordially invited to be present.

To the Teachers of Crawford Co.

In compliance with a request of F. S. Fitch, Supt. of Public Instruction, I have mailed each of you a circular letter, relative to raising a fund for Michigan's educational exhibit at the World's Fair, and also a complete program of Washington birthday exercises. I hereby repeat the plan in brief, fearing that some of the circulars may have been lost.

The plan is as follows: Let the teacher announce to the pupils and patrons of the school, that Feb. 22nd will be devoted to special exercises. Let the teacher make appropriate selections for the occasion, and assign parts to the pupils who are to participate. Selections should be chosen commemorative of Washington and Columbus, and also patriotic songs. A few days before the exercises are to take place, announce that a collection will be taken up at the close of the exercises, the proceeds to be devoted to preparing an exhibit of Michigan's schools at the World's Fair. Request every boy and girl to contribute one cent only. Each teacher and school officer is to give ten cents, principals twenty-five cents and the patrons as much as they choose. Where on account of the small number of pupils it is impractical to hold special exercises, let the teacher explain the object to the pupils and patrons and collect according to the plan.

Collections can be forwarded to me at your convenience, and I will forward to Supt. of Public Instruction. I hope Crawford county will not be behind.

Soliciting your co-operation in making this deserving plan a success, I am, Yours truly,

W. F. BENKELMAN, Com. of Schools.

Grayling, Feb. 8, '92.

For Sale, or Exchange.

For sale, or exchange, for house and lot in Grayling, farm of 40 acres, in Maple Forest. House and well, 7 acres cleared. Enquire at this office.

Notice.

There will be a regular examination held for the teachers of Crawford Co. in the Court House at Grayling, commencing on Thursday, March 3d at 8 o'clock, A. M.

W. F. BENKELMAN, COM. R.

To the Farmers and Lumbermen, of Crawford County.

I wish to say that I now have my feed mill in first class order and on Thursday of each week will grind for anyone who want work done. I will grind Corn meal and Graham flour for the lawful toll and guarantee you good work and perfect satisfaction. Come and give me a trial.

Yours Respectfully,

D. B. CONNER.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by L. FOURNIER, Druggist.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's new Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at Fournier's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by L. FOURNIER, at the Drug Store.

Notices.

E. M. Roffee, has some desirable Lots on Peninsula Avenue, Michigan Avenue and Chestnut Street. Being agent for the same will give price &c. Oct. 22 tf. Wm. WOODBURN.

If You Want

Your Harness repaired and oiled, and pay for the work done in Potatoes or Wood, you can do so, at the Harness Shop of Sept. 10, tf. A. H. TOWSLEY.

For Sale.

I WILL SELL any of my houses or lots on favorable terms. For particular information, call on JOSEPH CHARRON.

Gunsmith Shop.

I WILL open up the old blacksmith shop near the bridge, where I will make and repair guns and do other fine work in my line. Repairing of machinery a specialty. Terms reasonable. Give me a call.

H. B. WILLIAMS.

Aug. 18th '87.

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE.

Washington, D. C.

Is one of the less than half-a-dozen really great Family Papers in the country.

It is the only one

Published at the National Capitol.

It is the only one

Devoted to the History of the War.

It is the only one

Devoted to the interest of ex-soldiers and Sailors.

It is the only one

That makes a bold and consistent fight for their rights.

It is the only one

That continually insists on justice being done the country's defenders.

It has more Distinguished Contributors than any other paper.

Printed on fine white paper, edited with signal ability, and filled with the most interesting matter that can be procured.

Only \$1 a year. Two cts. a week.

Send for sample copies. Sample copies free.

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE.

Washington, D. C.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

(NIAGARA FALLS ROUTE.)

GOING NORTH.

Exp. Mail. Accommodation

P. M. A. M.

Detroit, W. 8:40 7:45

Chicago, 4:40 3:45 p. m.

Jackman, A. M. P. M.

Bay City, 10:40 12:10

GRAYLING, Arr 4:15 3:45 p. m. P. M. 1:30

GRAYLING, Dep 4:10 3:40 p. m. P. M. 1:40

Bay City, Arr 4:10 3:40 p. m. P. M. 1:40

Mackinaw City, 7:35 am 7:00 p. m.

GOING SOUTH.

A. M. P. M.

Mackinaw City, 8:45 11:30

GRAYLING, Arr 12:00 2:45 a. m.

GRAYLING, Dep 12:30 2:50

Bay City, Arr 4:10 6:30

Detroit, Arr 5:45 m 11:45 a. m.

Chicago, 4:50 p. m 7:55 a. m.

Jackman, 11:05 a. m 11:50 p. m.

O. V. RUGGLES.

GEN. PASS. AGENT.

A. W. CASFIELD,

Local Ticket Agt. Grayling.

Preston National Bank

& Detroit, Mich.

CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

J. W. PALMER, Pres., F. W. HAYES, Vice-Pres.

Y. H. BELL, JAS. D. STANBISH,

A. A. BLACK, J. E. DAY,

W. S. PINGREE, A. E. F. WHITE,

W. D. PRESTON, Detroit, Chicago

W. R. BURT, J. C. HANSON, Grayling

JNO. CASFIELD, J. C. HANSON, Mackinaw

DO NOT FORGET THIS!


When You Are in Need

of anything in the line of DRUGS, MEDICINES,

SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

Stationery or TOILET ARTICLES,

It will Pay you to Call and see me,



The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.
FLOUR FOR RUSSIA.
A BIG CONSIGNMENT NOW ON ITS WAY.

It is the Gift of the Citizens' Russian Famine Relief Association of Philadelphia—Twenty-nine Cars Required to Consume the Shipment—Turned the Gun on Them.

Flour for Famine Sufferers.
Twenty-nine cars loaded with flour went East from Chicago the other evening. They contained a contribution from Philadelphia's plenty toward the relief of the sufferers from famine in far-away Russia. Each car in the two sections was placarded on either side:

THE CONSIGNMENT IS BELONGED TO SAMUEL BELL & SONS, PHILADELPHIA. THE GIFT IS A SPLENDID ACT OF CHARITY ON THE PART OF THE INHABITANTS OF THE CITY OF BROTHERLY LOVE, NOT FROM A SPIRIT OF CANT OR OF PIETY, BUT FROM THE LOVE OF ALL HUMANITY. IT IS COMFORTING TO REFLECT THAT IN THE UNITED STATES SUCH A CONDITION AS EXISTS IN THE RUSSIAN DOMINIONS DOES NOT EXIST. AT THE FIRST SIGN OF DISTRESS FROM ANY PART OF THE WORLD, THE RESOURCES, THE SYMPATHY OF ALL OTHER PORTIONS OF THE COUNTRY TO ALLEVIATE THE DISTRESS.

PLAYED A SMART GAME.
Device of Mrs. Charlotte Nichol Milton to Secure a Divorce.
The divorce case of Mrs. Charlotte Nichol Milton vs. J. McKim Milton, of Muskegon, Mich., on the charge of non-support, cruelty, habitual drunkenness, and adultery, is on trial at St. Louis Falls. The defendant is one of the editors of the Illustrated American. When Mrs. Milton went to St. Louis Falls it is said she played a very smart game upon her husband. With his permission she had arranged to go to a summer resort with her children to spend several months. Reaching the resort she purchased a hundred postal cards, addressed them to him, wrote appropriate messages, dated them from the resort, and then left St. Louis Falls. Her husband was getting the postal cards regularly from the water place, while she was gaining her ninety-day residence in St. Louis Falls.

FOUND DEAD BY A NEWSBOY.
The Bodies of John Molloy and His Agent Were Discovered After 24 Hours.
At Toledo, Ohio, a young newsboy named Kelly, when delivering an evening paper at the residence of John Molloy, found and through the window and discovered the bodies lying on the floor. He informed the police, and investigation revealed that a murder and suicide had been committed. Molloy and his wife were found lying dead on the floor, which was literally covered with blood. The woman had a bullet wound behind her right ear and Molloy one in the right temple, another below the ear. They had been dead all of twenty-four hours. Though 72 years of age, Molloy had been so jealous of his wife, also aged 72, that he made her life miserable. Three weeks ago she sued for a divorce and it was still pending at the time of the tragedy. The couple have quarreled frequently. A month ago Molloy was released from the insane asylum.

TYPHUS FEVER SCARE.
Eight More Cases Discovered Among Immigrants at New York.
Eight more cases of typhus fever have been discovered in various parts of New York, thus making, with the fifty-seven cases unearthed previously, sixty-five cases in all. The victims are nearly all Russian and Polish Jews, who recently arrived on the steamship *Muscula* from Minsk, and who, on landing, although the ship was said to be infected, found sleeping accommodations in some of the lowest tenement houses on the East Side. All the victims have been removed to North Brother Island, and the places they were taken from, carefully fumigated and quarantined. The hospital on North Brother Island is filled to its utmost capacity, and the physicians there will erect a large wooden building to accommodate a number of patients.

MUST WRITE ON BANK NOTES.
Presidents and Cashiers May Not Use Stamps to Sign Their Names.
Five dollar national bank notes, series of 1882, issued by the Mechanics' National Bank of Providence, R. I., have been detected by the cashier of the National Bank of Battle Creek, Mich., having the president's and cashier's signatures printed instead of written with a pen and ink. Compelled by the currency law's attention has been directed to the case, and in a letter he states that such printed signatures are a direct violation of the law, and he has ordered the Mechanics' National Bank of Providence to call in all issues having printed signatures and forward them to Washington at once for destruction.

TURNED A GATLING ON THEM.
Guards at a Convict Camp Return the Fire of Drunken Miners.
It was learned at Knoxville, Tenn., that on Thursday night, about 100 rock, a number of drunken miners, thought to be armed, fired upon the pickets of the State troops at the Coal Creek convict camp. The Gatling was turned on the men and two of them were crippled. Several houses in Coal Creek were filled with leaden bullets, and the miners were badly frightened. Commander Anderson has telegraphed Gen. Carnes at Memphis for more ammunition and arms.

Died of Heart Failure.
James G. Peir, eldest son of ex-Senator Peir, died suddenly, at San Francisco, from heart failure.

A Northwestern Farmers' Elevator.
The directors of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association met at Grand Forks, N. D., and incorporated the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Elevator Company. The purpose of the company is to erect an elevator at West Superior or Duluth, to be controlled by the local farmers. The local Commissioners and the Alliance President, Shortridge, have been heretofore working for the same end through different channels. The company has \$250,000 capital, continues twenty years, and stockholders can own more than forty of the 8,000 shares. Officers were elected to serve until the annual meeting in June.

Snow Seven Feet Deep.
Heavy snowstorms are reported in the Tyrol, Austria. In the higher valleys the snow is seven feet deep, and the passes are completely blocked. Avalanches are frequent. The railway through Koppersthal has been obstructed by an avalanche of snow which it will take a month to clear away.

Has Inflicted Two Hundred Humiliations.
It is stated that the Grand Jury, which is in session at Blauvelt, has indicted over 200 of them, and it is expected that there will be a general execution of such tradesmen to avoid appearance in court.

H. G. DUN & CO.'S REVIEW OF TRADE.
Fair Trade Throughout the Country—Business Failures on the Decline.
H. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Trade Review says:

Reports from cities indicate a general improvement in trade. At Boston trade is on the whole satisfactory. Jobbing trade active at Cleveland, especially in provisions, and at Cleveland business continues favorably on the whole with that of last year, though reaction and a slight market depression in iron ore. At Chicago the volume of merchandise sales is greater than a year ago, and diminished receipts appear in current needs only a moderate increase in hard, cheese, and butter, a third in flour, corn, oats, barley, and hides, 50 per cent. in wool, while receipts of iron ore, last year's, and wheat and dressed beef four times last year's. Trade at Milwaukee is good, although collections are retarded because farmers hold back their crops. At St. Paul prospects are brighter, and at Minneapolis business has increased, as also at Kansas City, Omaha and Denver. At St. Louis it is also stronger, and there is much confidence in the future, though the depression in the cotton regions is still felt. The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 10, with a total of 319 last week; for the corresponding week of last year the figures were 297.

DYING BY THOUSANDS.
Horror of the Russian Famine—Horses Killed for Food.
A dispatch from Tientsin, capital of the Government of that country, in the south-western part of what is known as Great Russia, says that the thermometer registers 58 degrees below zero, and that there is terrible suffering among the peasants. A number of men have been killed by the cold, and the roads are so icy that it is impossible to travel. The peasants are dying by the thousands. The children of the peasants are allowed to go to school. A quantity of grain for the famine sufferers has been distributed, but it is impossible to distribute it among the peasants in the surrounding country owing to the fact that nearly all the horses have been killed for food or sold to procure money with which to buy the absolute necessities of life. Several thousand horses have been killed in the past few days, and it is estimated that several million draft animals have been killed throughout the empire since autumn. Typhus fever, smallpox, and diphtheria are decimating the inhabitants. Around Penza, 200 of the peasants have died from these diseases. The dispatch adds that in the Governments of Samara, Saratov and Nijni Novgorod, the condition is far worse than in Penza.

HE STOPPED THE FUNERAL.
Because the Coffin Was Enshrined in the Stars and Stripes.
The funeral services of Patrick McCann, which occurred at Council Bluffs, caused a sensation. McCann was a member of the 6th Lincoln Post, Grand Army of the Republic, and when a member died he is buried under its directions. That was the reason for the funeral. McCann's funeral, which occurred at Council Bluffs, caused a sensation. McCann was a member of the 6th Lincoln Post, Grand Army of the Republic, and when a member died he is buried under its directions. That was the reason for the funeral.

MANY EMPTY SEATS.
Incidents in the Opening of the British Parliament.
The opening of the British Parliament was short of much of its impressiveness owing to the fact that the House of Commons was many seats empty. Many of the members of the lower house were absent from the chamber. There was a vacant seat where once the great Parnell had sat, and the House of Commons was many seats empty. Many of the members of the lower house were absent from the chamber.

ANOTHER REVOLUTION IN BRAZIL.
Several Ministers Have Resigned, and Affairs Are in a Critical Condition.
A dispatch from London says: "For some days there have been alarming reports in circulation regarding the state of affairs in Brazil. At first, owing to the frequency of ministerial changes, it was thought that the situation was not serious. But a late dispatch from Rio Janeiro announces that another revolution is imminent. The Minister of the Interior of Brazil resigned his office. The day following the resignation of the Minister of the Interior, and there appears to be no doubt that a serious conflict between the constituted authorities and those opposed to them will shortly take place."

ENGINE BLOWN TO FRAGMENTS.
Three Killed and Four Injured in a Head-on Railroad Collision.
When half-way between Wayne Junction and Newton, on the Round Brook track of the New York and Reading Railroad, engine 128, while pulling freight train No. 1 up a steep grade, blew up with a terrific force, killing three men and injuring four others, two of whom will probably die.

American Found Dead.
A Mexican, Francisco Mariane, in driving a herd of mules down from New Mexico stopped at an old adobe building, near El Paso, to rest, and on looking inside the door he found the bodies of three men. The bodies were naked and covered with blood. Some believe the murder to have been done by renegade Indians, who are reported to the Mesquero reservation.

Burned Her Father's Barn.
Near Lima, Ohio, Bertha Jacob, 14 years old, insane daughter of a rich farmer, burned her father's barn, causing a loss of \$4,000, then ran away and was caught while setting fire to a neighbor's barn. She has been subject to epilepsy.

In Honor of Sherman.
An appeal to the Grand Army of the Republic for contributions to aid in the erection of a statue in Washington to the memory of General W. T. Sherman was made by a committee appointed at the meeting of the Society of the Tennessee on Oct. 5 and 6 last.

Murdered by Highlanders.
Dr. Chuay Sue Lee, a Chinese physician, well known and respected, died at San Francisco from a wound inflicted on him by two Chinese highlanders. The murder was extraordinarily wanton.

Girl Killed by Freight.
Right and horror caused the death of Caroline J. Gardner, a girl of fifteen, living near Tonawanda, Pa. She was struck by two mules, father and son, named Thomas and

THE LAND OF SILENCE.
Twist the shining steep of joyance
And the death-dear lake of ruth
A low land here a wonderful land—
That knows not age nor youth.

Roses! roses! roses! never, never, they blow,
All rarely pale, all richly red,
All white as the driven snow.

For they blow in the land of silence
That lies by the lake of ruth,
And the soul that plucks shall walk unweaved
In the fair green meads of truth.

GRACE DESMOND'S PERIL.
BY HARRY O'CONNOR.

"Did you hear that, boys?" said Pierce Ryan to a group of which he formed a part, sitting around this cheery turf fire of an inn, in a small fishing hamlet on the western coast of Ireland.

They were in the company of a man speaking at once the tone of the neighboring surf and the wild tumult of the tempest, as it whistled and shrieked without, broke distinctly on the hearing, but for more than a minute, during which all listened intently, nothing else was heard.

"It was merely fancy," Pierce said, one of the group. "You ought to be a seaman, for you have a quick eye. The speaker stopped short, for, at that instant, the deep boom of a cannon, out at sea, sounded distinctly and fearfully across the night.

"There is a ship on the coast," said Pierce. "Hark! a third gun, and it sounds nearer than the last." "And the wind is right on the shore and blowing a hurricane," said another. "Lord be merciful to them!" ejaculated Pierce. "But let us hurry to the coast and see if we can help them in any way."

With one consent the party moved toward the door, first, however, calling to the landlord to bring lanterns and ropes in case the latter might be needed. As the door was opened a gust of wind rushed into the room, during the caudles in their sockets, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

When the adventurers stepped outside they were almost borne down for a moment by the intensity of the gale, which sweeping unchecked across the plain that lay between the inn and the beach, burst on the house with almost incredible violence, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

Big Blaze at Memphis.
A Fire of Unknown Origin Sweeps Away a Number of Valuable Buildings.
A disastrous conflagration broke out in Memphis, Tenn., and destroyed all the buildings in a block in the very center of the city. The fire was caused by a gas leak, and it swept away a number of valuable buildings.

Will Inherit Hatch.
Members of the Chicago Board of Trade are thoroughly alarmed over the anti-option bill, and the directors have decided on a master stroke of policy. An effort is being made to get Congressman Hatch and his backers to support the bill.

Villain Hanged by a Mob.
Will Lavender, the colored man who attempted to assault Alice Perry, a white girl, at Roanoke, Va., was taken from officers and hanged to a tree by a mob of about 150 people. He made a full confession.

Enraptured Denial.
On Secretary Blaine's attention being called to the story telegraphed from Washington that he will shortly retire from the cabinet, he emphatically said: "The story is false. There is not a word of truth in it."

Reading Railroad Accidents.
The jury in the recent locomotive explosion case at St. Clair, Pa., by which five men were killed, rendered a verdict fixing the responsibility on the Reading Railroad Company.

Guilt of Extortion.
The verdict of the jury in the case of James Wyman, Mayor of Allegheny, Pa., charged with extortion, has been handed in. The Mayor is found guilty on two counts.

Headpith in Custody.
Marion G. Headpith, the leader of the gang who robbed the St. Louis and San Francisco train near St. Louis the night of Nov. 30, 1894, was arrested at San Francisco.

Scarlet Fever in Arkansas.
A scarlet fever epidemic is raging at Monticello, Ark., five fatal cases occurring in two days. The schools have been closed and considerable excitement prevails.

Failure in Wall Street.
The failure of Philip Durns has been announced in the New York Stock Exchange. He has been a member since May 8, 1893. His liabilities amount to about \$400,000.

THE LAND OF SILENCE.
Twist the shining steep of joyance
And the death-dear lake of ruth
A low land here a wonderful land—
That knows not age nor youth.

Roses! roses! roses! never, never, they blow,
All rarely pale, all richly red,
All white as the driven snow.

For they blow in the land of silence
That lies by the lake of ruth,
And the soul that plucks shall walk unweaved
In the fair green meads of truth.

GRACE DESMOND'S PERIL.
BY HARRY O'CONNOR.

"Did you hear that, boys?" said Pierce Ryan to a group of which he formed a part, sitting around this cheery turf fire of an inn, in a small fishing hamlet on the western coast of Ireland.

They were in the company of a man speaking at once the tone of the neighboring surf and the wild tumult of the tempest, as it whistled and shrieked without, broke distinctly on the hearing, but for more than a minute, during which all listened intently, nothing else was heard.

"It was merely fancy," Pierce said, one of the group. "You ought to be a seaman, for you have a quick eye. The speaker stopped short, for, at that instant, the deep boom of a cannon, out at sea, sounded distinctly and fearfully across the night.

"There is a ship on the coast," said Pierce. "Hark! a third gun, and it sounds nearer than the last." "And the wind is right on the shore and blowing a hurricane," said another. "Lord be merciful to them!" ejaculated Pierce. "But let us hurry to the coast and see if we can help them in any way."

With one consent the party moved toward the door, first, however, calling to the landlord to bring lanterns and ropes in case the latter might be needed. As the door was opened a gust of wind rushed into the room, during the caudles in their sockets, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

When the adventurers stepped outside they were almost borne down for a moment by the intensity of the gale, which sweeping unchecked across the plain that lay between the inn and the beach, burst on the house with almost incredible violence, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

Big Blaze at Memphis.
A Fire of Unknown Origin Sweeps Away a Number of Valuable Buildings.
A disastrous conflagration broke out in Memphis, Tenn., and destroyed all the buildings in a block in the very center of the city. The fire was caused by a gas leak, and it swept away a number of valuable buildings.

Will Inherit Hatch.
Members of the Chicago Board of Trade are thoroughly alarmed over the anti-option bill, and the directors have decided on a master stroke of policy. An effort is being made to get Congressman Hatch and his backers to support the bill.

Villain Hanged by a Mob.
Will Lavender, the colored man who attempted to assault Alice Perry, a white girl, at Roanoke, Va., was taken from officers and hanged to a tree by a mob of about 150 people. He made a full confession.

Enraptured Denial.
On Secretary Blaine's attention being called to the story telegraphed from Washington that he will shortly retire from the cabinet, he emphatically said: "The story is false. There is not a word of truth in it."

Reading Railroad Accidents.
The jury in the recent locomotive explosion case at St. Clair, Pa., by which five men were killed, rendered a verdict fixing the responsibility on the Reading Railroad Company.

Guilt of Extortion.
The verdict of the jury in the case of James Wyman, Mayor of Allegheny, Pa., charged with extortion, has been handed in. The Mayor is found guilty on two counts.

Headpith in Custody.
Marion G. Headpith, the leader of the gang who robbed the St. Louis and San Francisco train near St. Louis the night of Nov. 30, 1894, was arrested at San Francisco.

Scarlet Fever in Arkansas.
A scarlet fever epidemic is raging at Monticello, Ark., five fatal cases occurring in two days. The schools have been closed and considerable excitement prevails.

Failure in Wall Street.
The failure of Philip Durns has been announced in the New York Stock Exchange. He has been a member since May 8, 1893. His liabilities amount to about \$400,000.

THE LAND OF SILENCE.
Twist the shining steep of joyance
And the death-dear lake of ruth
A low land here a wonderful land—
That knows not age nor youth.

Roses! roses! roses! never, never, they blow,
All rarely pale, all richly red,
All white as the driven snow.

For they blow in the land of silence
That lies by the lake of ruth,
And the soul that plucks shall walk unweaved
In the fair green meads of truth.

GRACE DESMOND'S PERIL.
BY HARRY O'CONNOR.

"Did you hear that, boys?" said Pierce Ryan to a group of which he formed a part, sitting around this cheery turf fire of an inn, in a small fishing hamlet on the western coast of Ireland.

They were in the company of a man speaking at once the tone of the neighboring surf and the wild tumult of the tempest, as it whistled and shrieked without, broke distinctly on the hearing, but for more than a minute, during which all listened intently, nothing else was heard.

"It was merely fancy," Pierce said, one of the group. "You ought to be a seaman, for you have a quick eye. The speaker stopped short, for, at that instant, the deep boom of a cannon, out at sea, sounded distinctly and fearfully across the night.

"There is a ship on the coast," said Pierce. "Hark! a third gun, and it sounds nearer than the last." "And the wind is right on the shore and blowing a hurricane," said another. "Lord be merciful to them!" ejaculated Pierce. "But let us hurry to the coast and see if we can help them in any way."

With one consent the party moved toward the door, first, however, calling to the landlord to bring lanterns and ropes in case the latter might be needed. As the door was opened a gust of wind rushed into the room, during the caudles in their sockets, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

When the adventurers stepped outside they were almost borne down for a moment by the intensity of the gale, which sweeping unchecked across the plain that lay between the inn and the beach, burst on the house with almost incredible violence, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

Big Blaze at Memphis.
A Fire of Unknown Origin Sweeps Away a Number of Valuable Buildings.
A disastrous conflagration broke out in Memphis, Tenn., and destroyed all the buildings in a block in the very center of the city. The fire was caused by a gas leak, and it swept away a number of valuable buildings.

Will Inherit Hatch.
Members of the Chicago Board of Trade are thoroughly alarmed over the anti-option bill, and the directors have decided on a master stroke of policy. An effort is being made to get Congressman Hatch and his backers to support the bill.

Villain Hanged by a Mob.
Will Lavender, the colored man who attempted to assault Alice Perry, a white girl, at Roanoke, Va., was taken from officers and hanged to a tree by a mob of about 150 people. He made a full confession.

Enraptured Denial.
On Secretary Blaine's attention being called to the story telegraphed from Washington that he will shortly retire from the cabinet, he emphatically said: "The story is false. There is not a word of truth in it."

Reading Railroad Accidents.
The jury in the recent locomotive explosion case at St. Clair, Pa., by which five men were killed, rendered a verdict fixing the responsibility on the Reading Railroad Company.

Guilt of Extortion.
The verdict of the jury in the case of James Wyman, Mayor of Allegheny, Pa., charged with extortion, has been handed in. The Mayor is found guilty on two counts.

Headpith in Custody.
Marion G. Headpith, the leader of the gang who robbed the St. Louis and San Francisco train near St. Louis the night of Nov. 30, 1894, was arrested at San Francisco.

Scarlet Fever in Arkansas.
A scarlet fever epidemic is raging at Monticello, Ark., five fatal cases occurring in two days. The schools have been closed and considerable excitement prevails.

Failure in Wall Street.
The failure of Philip Durns has been announced in the New York Stock Exchange. He has been a member since May 8, 1893. His liabilities amount to about \$400,000.

THE LAND OF SILENCE.
Twist the shining steep of joyance
And the death-dear lake of ruth
A low land here a wonderful land—
That knows not age nor youth.

Roses! roses! roses! never, never, they blow,
All rarely pale, all richly red,
All white as the driven snow.

For they blow in the land of silence
That lies by the lake of ruth,
And the soul that plucks shall walk unweaved
In the fair green meads of truth.

GRACE DESMOND'S PERIL.
BY HARRY O'CONNOR.

"Did you hear that, boys?" said Pierce Ryan to a group of which he formed a part, sitting around this cheery turf fire of an inn, in a small fishing hamlet on the western coast of Ireland.

They were in the company of a man speaking at once the tone of the neighboring surf and the wild tumult of the tempest, as it whistled and shrieked without, broke distinctly on the hearing, but for more than a minute, during which all listened intently, nothing else was heard.

"It was merely fancy," Pierce said, one of the group. "You ought to be a seaman, for you have a quick eye. The speaker stopped short, for, at that instant, the deep boom of a cannon, out at sea, sounded distinctly and fearfully across the night.

"There is a ship on the coast," said Pierce. "Hark! a third gun, and it sounds nearer than the last." "And the wind is right on the shore and blowing a hurricane," said another. "Lord be merciful to them!" ejaculated Pierce. "But let us hurry to the coast and see if we can help them in any way."

With one consent the party moved toward the door, first, however, calling to the landlord to bring lanterns and ropes in case the latter might be needed. As the door was opened a gust of wind rushed into the room, during the caudles in their sockets, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

When the adventurers stepped outside they were almost borne down for a moment by the intensity of the gale, which sweeping unchecked across the plain that lay between the inn and the beach, burst on the house with almost incredible violence, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

Big Blaze at Memphis.
A Fire of Unknown Origin Sweeps Away a Number of Valuable Buildings.
A disastrous conflagration broke out in Memphis, Tenn., and destroyed all the buildings in a block in the very center of the city. The fire was caused by a gas leak, and it swept away a number of valuable buildings.

Will Inherit Hatch.
Members of the Chicago Board of Trade are thoroughly alarmed over the anti-option bill, and the directors have decided on a master stroke of policy. An effort is being made to get Congressman Hatch and his backers to support the bill.

Villain Hanged by a Mob.
Will Lavender, the colored man who attempted to assault Alice Perry, a white girl, at Roanoke, Va., was taken from officers and hanged to a tree by a mob of about 150 people. He made a full confession.

Enraptured Denial.
On Secretary Blaine's attention being called to the story telegraphed from Washington that he will shortly retire from the cabinet, he emphatically said: "The story is false. There is not a word of truth in it."

Reading Railroad Accidents.
The jury in the recent locomotive explosion case at St. Clair, Pa., by which five men were killed, rendered a verdict fixing the responsibility on the Reading Railroad Company.

Guilt of Extortion.
The verdict of the jury in the case of James Wyman, Mayor of Allegheny, Pa., charged with extortion, has been handed in. The Mayor is found guilty on two counts.

Headpith in Custody.
Marion G. Headpith, the leader of the gang who robbed the St. Louis and San Francisco train near St. Louis the night of Nov. 30, 1894, was arrested at San Francisco.

Scarlet Fever in Arkansas.
A scarlet fever epidemic is raging at Monticello, Ark., five fatal cases occurring in two days. The schools have been closed and considerable excitement prevails.

Failure in Wall Street.
The failure of Philip Durns has been announced in the New York Stock Exchange. He has been a member since May 8, 1893. His liabilities amount to about \$400,000.

THE LAND OF SILENCE.
Twist the shining steep of joyance
And the death-dear lake of ruth
A low land here a wonderful land—
That knows not age nor youth.

Roses! roses! roses! never, never, they blow,
All rarely pale, all richly red,
All white as the driven snow.

For they blow in the land of silence
That lies by the lake of ruth,
And the soul that plucks shall walk unweaved
In the fair green meads of truth.

GRACE DESMOND'S PERIL.
BY HARRY O'CONNOR.

"Did you hear that, boys?" said Pierce Ryan to a group of which he formed a part, sitting around this cheery turf fire of an inn, in a small fishing hamlet on the western coast of Ireland.

They were in the company of a man speaking at once the tone of the neighboring surf and the wild tumult of the tempest, as it whistled and shrieked without, broke distinctly on the hearing, but for more than a minute, during which all listened intently, nothing else was heard.

"It was merely fancy," Pierce said, one of the group. "You ought to be a seaman, for you have a quick eye. The speaker stopped short, for, at that instant, the deep boom of a cannon, out at sea, sounded distinctly and fearfully across the night.

"There is a ship on the coast," said Pierce. "Hark! a third gun, and it sounds nearer than the last." "And the wind is right on the shore and blowing a hurricane," said another. "Lord be merciful to them!" ejaculated Pierce. "But let us hurry to the coast and see if we can help them in any way."

With one consent the party moved toward the door, first, however, calling to the landlord to bring lanterns and ropes in case the latter might be needed. As the door was opened a gust of wind rushed into the room, during the caudles in their sockets, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

When the adventurers stepped outside they were almost borne down for a moment by the intensity of the gale, which sweeping unchecked across the plain that lay between the inn and the beach, burst on the house with almost incredible violence, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

Big Blaze at Memphis.
A Fire of Unknown Origin Sweeps Away a Number of Valuable Buildings.
A disastrous conflagration broke out in Memphis, Tenn., and destroyed all the buildings in a block in the very center of the city. The fire was caused by a gas leak, and it swept away a number of valuable buildings.

Will Inherit Hatch.
Members of the Chicago Board of Trade are thoroughly alarmed over the anti-option bill, and the directors have decided on a master stroke of policy. An effort is being made to get Congressman Hatch and his backers to support the bill.

Villain Hanged by a Mob.
Will Lavender, the colored man who attempted to assault Alice Perry, a white girl, at Roanoke, Va., was taken from officers and hanged to a tree by a mob of about 150 people. He made a full confession.

Enraptured Denial.
On Secretary Blaine's attention being called to the story telegraphed from Washington that he will shortly retire from the cabinet, he emphatically said: "The story is false. There is not a word of truth in it."

Reading Railroad Accidents.
The jury in the recent locomotive explosion case at St. Clair, Pa., by which five men were killed, rendered a verdict fixing the responsibility on the Reading Railroad Company.

Guilt of Extortion.
The verdict of the jury in the case of James Wyman, Mayor of Allegheny, Pa., charged with extortion, has been handed in. The Mayor is found guilty on two counts.

Headpith in Custody.
Marion G. Headpith, the leader of the gang who robbed the St. Louis and San Francisco train near St. Louis the night of Nov. 30, 1894, was arrested at San Francisco.

Scarlet Fever in Arkansas.
A scarlet fever epidemic is raging at Monticello, Ark., five fatal cases occurring in two days. The schools have been closed and considerable excitement prevails.

Failure in Wall Street.
The failure of Philip Durns has been announced in the New York Stock Exchange. He has been a member since May 8, 1893. His liabilities amount to about \$400,000.

THE LAND OF SILENCE.
Twist the shining steep of joyance
And the death-dear lake of ruth
A low land here a wonderful land—
That knows not age nor youth.

Roses! roses! roses! never, never, they blow,
All rarely pale, all richly red,
All white as the driven snow.

For they blow in the land of silence
That lies by the lake of ruth,
And the soul that plucks shall walk unweaved
In the fair green meads of truth.

GRACE DESMOND'S PERIL.
BY HARRY O'CONNOR.

"Did you hear that, boys?" said Pierce Ryan to a group of which he formed a part, sitting around this cheery turf fire of an inn, in a small fishing hamlet on the western coast of Ireland.

They were in the company of a man speaking at once the tone of the neighboring surf and the wild tumult of the tempest, as it whistled and shrieked without, broke distinctly on the hearing, but for more than a minute, during which all listened intently, nothing else was heard.

"It was merely fancy," Pierce said, one of the group. "You ought to be a seaman, for you have a quick eye. The speaker stopped short, for, at that instant, the deep boom of a cannon, out at sea, sounded distinctly and fearfully across the night.

"There is a ship on the coast," said Pierce. "Hark! a third gun, and it sounds nearer than the last." "And the wind is right on the shore and blowing a hurricane," said another. "Lord be merciful to them!" ejaculated Pierce. "But let us hurry to the coast and see if we can help them in any way."

With one consent the party moved toward the door, first, however, calling to the landlord to bring lanterns and ropes in case the latter might be needed. As the door was opened a gust of wind rushed into the room, during the caudles in their sockets, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

When the adventurers stepped outside they were almost borne down for a moment by the intensity of the gale, which sweeping unchecked across the plain that lay between the inn and the beach, burst on the house with almost incredible violence, and the falling lanterns about the corner of the apartment.

Big Blaze at Memphis.
A Fire of Unknown Origin Sweeps Away a Number of Valuable Buildings.
A disastrous conflagration broke out in Memphis, Tenn., and destroyed all the buildings in a block in the very center of the city. The fire was caused by a gas leak, and it swept away a number of valuable buildings.

Will Inherit Hatch.
Members of the Chicago Board of Trade are thoroughly alarmed over the anti-option bill, and the directors have decided on a master stroke of policy. An effort is being made to get Congressman Hatch and his backers to support the bill.